

ESTABLISHED JUNE 23, 1862—VOL. 39.

PORTLAND, MAINE, MONDAY MORNING, JANUARY 14, 1901.

[ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.]

PRICE THREE CENTS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WHEN YOU ORDER

Baker's Chocolate
or Baker's CocoaEXAMINE THE PACK-
AGE YOU RECEIVE
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THAT IT BEARS OUR
TRADE-MARK."La Belle
Chocolatiere"Under the decision of the U. S. Courts
no other Chocolate or Cocoa is entitled to
be labeled or sold as "Baker's Chocolate"
or "Baker's Cocoa."Walter Baker & Co. Limited
ESTABLISHED 1780
DORCHESTER, MASS.
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1900Colonial
Dining
Roomfurniture is fully as much in
vogue today as at any time
since the Colonial period itself.
We have put the January price
on a Sideboard and Dining
Table of the true Colonial
type—the discount means a
saving of twenty-five dollars to
the purchaser,—ninety-five in-
stead of one-hundred and
twenty dollars for both pieces.
Genuine veined mahogany:—
the Sideboard has a very large
mahogany, pillars at the ends,
cortex drawer-fronts, cellar-
ette, silver closet and 3 large
drawers. The Table is round,
54 inches diameter, extending
to 10 feet in length.—A bar-
gain of all bargains in Furni-
ture.Frank P. Tibbetts & Co.,
4 and 6 Free St.
Jan14/01CHAPMAN NATIONAL BANK
of Portland, Maine.CAPITAL, \$100,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits, \$33,000.00Solicits the accounts of Banks, Mer-
cantile Firms, Corporations and
Individuals, and is prepared to fur-
nish its patrons the best facilities
and liberal accommodations.

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Interviews and Correspondence invited.CULLEN C. CHAPMAN, - President.
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MAY 18/99

MOB WAS READY.

Will Make Short Work of Negro Alex-
ander if Given a Chance.Leavenworth, Kas, January 13.—Judge
Moore today issued a warrant for Fred
Alexander, the negro who attempted to
assault Miss Roth yesterday and later
the sheriff went to Lansing to serve it.
Many persons thought the prisoner would
be brought here tonight, and a large
crowd of determined citizens with guns
and ropes gathered at the jail. But he
was left at Lansing, where he will re-
main till the officials may deem it safe to
bring him here. When this fact became
known the crowd dispersed quietly.At a meeting of citizens held here this
afternoon a society to be known as "Leav-
enworth Vigilance Committee" was or-
ganized. Its purpose, it is stated, will be
not only to deal with such characters as
Alexander but to run out of town all
men unable to show visible means of sup-
port, a class with which Leavenworth has
been overrun this winter.The members are determined, finally.
It is said, to lynch Alexander. Alexander
underwent a three hours' examination
this afternoon but nothing that shed any
light on the Pearl Forbes murder of
which he is believed to be guilty, was
elicited. Pearl Forbes was a factory girl
who was assaulted and killed in this city
in November last.

FIRE IN SALEM.

Salem, Mass., January 13.—Fire dam-
aged the Glover block, 44 to 48 Lafayette
street, this city, about midnight. The
total loss is about \$3000.

NOTE SIGNED.

This Time There Is No
Mistake.Prince Ching Signed
Document Saturday.Li Hung Chang, Who Is Better,
Performed Same Act Sunday.Appointment of Third
Plenipotentiary.Negotiations Must be Conducted
at Peking.Peking, Sunday, January 13.—The joint
note of the powers has finally been signed
by the Chinese peace commissioners.
Prince Ching signed yesterday, and Li
Hung Chang, who is better, signed to-
day.It is understood that the main body from
which Li Hung Chang is suffering is
Bright's disease. He was feeling worse
yesterday and therefore postponed the
signing of his signature, but Prince
Ching was hopeful that he would be able
to sign today, which proved to be the
case.Prince Ching has protested to the court
against the appointment, said to be con-
templated of Vice Roy Chang Chih Tung
as a plenipotentiary in the place of Li
Hung Chang. He thinks the latter's ad-
vice absolutely essential, although he be-
lieves it might be advisable to appoint a
third plenipotentiary for China and re-
iterates his desire for the appointment of
Sheng who would be acceptable to the
foreigners. So far as Chang Chih Tung
is concerned, the foreign envoys who
know him personally, say that while he
is strongly anti-foreign and has never
made any secret of his likes and dislikes,
they believe he would be a satisfactory
representative of the Chinese; and there
would not be any objections to him on
the score of his recent utterances. In-
deed, some of the ministers think it
would be wise for China to make Chang
Chih Tung's a plenipotentiary.Most of the envoys have received word
from their governments that the negotia-
tions must be conducted in Peking, on the
ground that for various reasons other
places suggested would be objectionable.
The Russians say they will formally
turn over the railroad to the Germans
immediately.M. De Giers, the Russian minister, ob-
jects to the British attitude in refusing
to permit the Russians to distribute rice
and wheat to the destitute Chinese in the
British section.

RETIRED UNMOLESTED.

Eight Hundred Boers Invest Kaalfon-
tein Station.Pretoria, Saturday, January 13.—Last
night the Boers cut the wire between
Irene and Ollifantsfontein stations. Early
this morning eight hundred Boers under
Commandant Beyers, invested Kaalfon-
tein station. A hot rifle fire and shell
fire, with two field pieces and a Maxim,
was maintained for six hours. An ar-
mored train and reinforcements were
sent from Pretoria, but before they had
arrived upon the scene, the garrison had
driven off the Boers who retired un-
molested, with a transport train half a mile
long. The Boers blew up the line beyond
Kaalfontein, compelling the mail train to
return here.It is supposed their object was to ob-
tain supplies, a great quantity of which
is stored at Kaalfontein. The British had
no casualties.

EXPECT NOTE TO BE SIGNED.

Washington, January 13.—The expecta-
tion here is that the signatures of the
Chinese plenipotentiaries will be fixed to
the note immediately and that active ne-
gotiations will begin at once. These ne-
gotiations will be conducted by the min-
isters now at Peking on the part of the
allied powers and by Li Hung Chang and
Prince Ching, representing the Chinese.
How long it will take to reach any con-
clusions regarding the demands of the
powers, it is impossible to predict, but
the Chinese will resort to every effort
to obtain the best terms possible for their
country. The understanding here is that
the note will be signed without qualifica-
tions on the part of the Chinese, leaving
to the negotiators the adjustment of por-
tions to which the court has objected, in-
cluding the raising of the Taku forts, thecontinuance of the legation guards in
Peking, etc.

CHINESE WANT REDUCTIONS.

Shanghai, January 13.—Lin Kun Yi,
viceroy of Nankin, has formulated mod-
ifications of the peace conditions, includ-
ing a reduction of the indemnity, a re-
duction of the strength of the foreign
troops in China and the preservation of
the right to import arms and ammuni-
tion. There are indications of a growing
belief among the Chinese that one or two
of the powers will support these modifica-
tions.

TOLD TO SIGN.

Washington, January 13.—Secretary
Hay has received a cablegram from Min-
ister Conger at Peking announcing that
the Chinese plenipotentiaries have been
directed to sign the joint note of the pow-
ers.

WHAT ARE THE TARGETS.

Shanghai, January 13.—The Italian
consul at Shanghai, in explaining the
presence of Italian warships at San Mun
Bay, says that they went there for target
practice.It is again reported that the allies are
preparing to enter the province of Shan
Si.A French force is reported to have de-
feated a body of Boxers west of Pao-Ting
Fu, killing a thousand.

JAPAN'S OBJECTIONS.

Berlin, January 13.—A despatch from
Peking says Japan's objections to the
United States proposal to transfer to
some country other than China the ne-
gotiations for the settlement of the ques-
tions at issue between the powers and
China, were that for a conference outside
of the Chinese empire, Chinese statesmen
would be invited whose presence in
China is at present necessary and that
a knowledge of Chinese affairs such as
is possessed by the accredited representa-
tives at Peking would be indispensable.

CAN'T BE TRANSFERRED.

London, January 13.—The foreign office
here declares that the report of the ces-
sion of the new Chwang Shan Hai Kuan
railroad to Russia, by Lord Salisbury (as
announced by the Daily Chronicle this
morning), is unfounded.It points out that Great Britain has
no power to cede it, as the railroad is
Chinese property. Moreover, it is stip-
ulated that it shall not be mortgaged to
any foreign government or company.

CONGER'S EXCUSE.

Washington, January 13.—In view of a
published despatch from Peking, criticiz-
ing the course of Minister Conger for
having signed the joint demands of the
powers after he is alleged to have been
aware that the state department dis-
approved of the use of the word "irrevoca-
ble," it is said at the state department in
justice to Mr. Conger that the criticisms
are based on only partial knowledge of
the facts and that as a matter of fact, Mr.
Conger subsequently was authorized to
sign the "irrevocable" demands, and
that he did sign with a reservation which
he had been directed to attach.

COMMODORE HENDERSON DEAD.

New York, January 13.—Commodore
Alexander Henderson, chief engineer U. S. N., retired, is dead at his home in
Yonkers. Commodore Henderson was
born in Washington, D. C., on July 12,
1833. He entered the navy as a third as-
sistant engineer in February, 1851. He
was in Commodore Perry's fleet which
visited the Orient in 1852-55 and opened
up Japan to intercourse with western
civilization.

150 DROWNED.

Tacoma, January 13.—In December an
overcrowded passenger steamer plying on
West river lost her rudder and was car-
ried by the current on the rocks near
Canton, China, sinking in a few min-
utes. Of five hundred passengers on
board 150 were drowned through being
unable to reach the deck and jump over-
board, others jumped and were rescued
by passing boats.

THE WEATHER.

Boston, January 13.—Forecast for Mon-
day and Tuesday: Warmer; light, west
winds becoming fresh southwest Tues-
day.Washington, January 13.—Forecast for
New England: Fair Monday; northwest
to southwest winds fresh on the coast
Tuesday, fair.Portland, Jan. 13, 1901.—The local
weather bureau records the following:
8 a. m.—Barometer, 29.93; thermom-
eter, 16.4; dew point, 10; rel. humidity, 68;
direction of the wind, W; velocity of
the wind, 8; state of weather, clear.
8 p. m.—Barometer, 29.92; thermom-
eter, 24; dew point, 18; rel. humidity, 74;
direction of the wind, NW; velocity of
the wind, 6; state of weather, cloudy.Maximum temperature, 28; minimum
temperature, 16; mean temperature, 22;
maximum wind velocity, 15 W; precipi-
tation—24 hours, 0.1 inch.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS.

The agricultural department weather
bureau for yesterday, Jan. 13, taken at 6
p. m., meridian time, the observation for
this section being given in this order:
Temperature, direction of wind, state of
weather:
Boston, 24 degrees, NW, clear; New
York, 30 degrees, NW, clear; Philadel-
phia, 30 degrees, N, clear; Washington,
34 degrees, N, W, clear; Albany, 34 degrees,
W, clear; Buffalo, 30 degrees, SW, clear;
Detroit, 33 degrees, SW, clear; Chicago, 28
degrees, SW, clear; St. Paul, 28 degrees,
S, clear; Herson, 24 degrees, W, clear;
Bismarck, 43 degrees, W, clear;
Jacksonville, 60 degrees, NW, clear.

CLUBBED AND STRANGLED.

The Horrible Murder of Clifford
Mosher of Gorham.

VIEW OF MOSHER HOUSE LOOKING TOWARD WESTBROOK.

Complete Story of the awful tragedy enacted at victim's
home on Saturday night—His struggle against brutal assail-
ants—The Mother's wonderful escape from death and her jour-
ney through the snow to tell the Story of the Crime—Arrest Sun-
day noon of Bill Hands the negro who participated in the
Deed—His companion supposed to be a farm hand John
McLain still at large—Hands caught with stolen property on
his person and admits Crime.Within a quarter of a mile of the scene
of the murder of Byron Coburn, the aged
Gorham farmer, who was struck down in
his own tie-up by an axe in the hands of
some person unknown, Clifford Mosher,
a young farmer, was killed with a sled
stake and by choking, about seven o'clock
Saturday evening by a man believed to
be John McLain and Bill Hands, a negro.
Mrs. Mosher, mother of the dead
man, was struck over the head by the
negro with a club and very badly hurt.
She was thought by the murderers to
have been killed, but she was still alive,
and when she pleaded with him for
mercy, and called upon God to protect
her, the brute lost his nerve and fled,
leaving the woman alive to tell the tale
and to bear witness against the crime.
Bill Hands was caught Sunday noon at
Oak Hill station on the Eastern Division
of the Boston and Maine by Constable
Fred Newcome of that place and is now
in Portland jail in the custody of Sheriff
Pearson, having made a confession which
will be sufficient to send him to Thomas-
ton for life. He also told who was with
him when the murder was committed
and said that the man with him had
gone to Boston on the train leaving Port-
land at two o'clock Sunday morning. A
full description of this man, who there is
little doubt is McLain, is now in the
hands of every police officer in this part
of New England, and if he escapes from
the clutches of the law it will be a
miracle. Mrs. Mosher, though badly
hurt will live to testify against these two
brutes, but her son, Clifford, highly re-
spected and very much liked in the town
of Gorham, lies dead with his head
smashed in and the marks of brutal
blows on every part of his body.The singular thing in this terrible
crime is that Mrs. Mosher was left alive
to tell her story. With her youngest son,
with whom she lived alone, killed only
after a desperate struggle, the woman,
after receiving a terrible blow on the
head from a club in the negro's hands,
managed to lock herself in her bed room
where she witnessed through a crack in
the door, the struggles of her boy for his
life. There she was found by the negro
later, after the door of her room had been
smashed open. She pleaded for mercy
from this man, whose hands were stained
with the blood of her son, and prayed to
God for protection. The negro demanded
money and the woman assured him that
she had none. Then he turned and fled
without attempting to put out of the way
the only witness of his crime with the
exception of his companion in it. Had
the woman been killed there in her bed
room it would have been many hours be-
fore the knowledge of the affair could
have become public. The murderers had
a long start and might have had many
hours more, and would probably have
made good their escape, excepting for thisfact that Mrs. Mosher was not murdered
with her son. In all crimes of this kind
the murderer usually leaves some fatal
clue which leads ultimately to his con-
viction, and it was this sparing of Mrs.
Mosher's life which has brought about
the arrest of Hands and will undoubtedly
bring about the capture of his companion
who was no doubt the leader in the
tragedy.The murder of Clifford Mosher and the
attempted murder of his mother, was a
well laid plot, originating the negro de-
clares, in the brain of his companion.
In brutality it exceeds anything
which has occurred about Portland
in years and never was a murder com-
mitted more deliberately than
was that of this young farmer,
and the attempted killing of his
aged mother. The motive was robbery,
and not waiting for the hour when these
two people would be in bed, and there-
fore less able to protect themselves, or
less liable to discover that burglars
were on the premises, these two desperate
men, Bill Hands, the negro, and his
white associate, took for the commission
of the terrible deed an early hour in the
evening when both Clifford Mosher and
his mother were awake and peacefully
sitting together in the kitchen of their
home reading. No effort was made by the
robbers to disguise themselves, no at-
tempt was made to parlay with their in-
debted victims, whose money and valu-
ables they sought. With a determined
purpose to kill and afterwards rob at
their leisure the two men walked from
Portland to the Mosher place, two miles,
and a half from Westbrook. In a snow
storm which they believed would cover
up their tracks and prevent pursuit.
Then they armed themselves, and having
failed in their first attempt to lure
Clifford Mosher to the door of his house
where they could dispose of him and af-
terwards easily dispose of his infirm and
aged mother, they smashed in a window,
leaped into the room and proceeded at
once to carry out their plan. In the kil-
ing of Clifford they succeeded, though only
after a hard fight with him but as has
been said, Mrs. Mosher es-
caped death. The snow storm for which
they had undoubtedly waited to cover up
their tracks and prevent their being fol-
lowed failed them at the critical moment
and these two men were easily traced in-
to Portland by the foot prints they left in
the snow, and from Mrs. Mosher's ac-
curate description of the men and some of
the property which they stole the officers
had no difficulty in apprehending Hands,
and it is believed will also capture his
companion.The Mosher house is one of the oldest
in the town of Gorham, and is less than
half a mile from Mosher's corner on the
Gorham road. Between Mosher's
corner and the Mosher house, and about
a quarter of a mile from it on the oppo-near it is the door which opens into the
wood shed.At the end of the kitchen farthest from
the door opening into the porch is an-
other door which opens onto another
flight of cellar stairs and very close to it
is the door which opens into the bed
room occupied by Mrs. Mosher.A small stand on which was placed the
lamp by whose light the mother and son
were quietly reading when the burglars
smashed their way into the room stood
near this door opening into Mrs. Mosher's
bed room. It was not more than
five feet from the small window before
referred to through which the men made
their entrance. On the side nearest this
window was an old fashioned rocking
chair in which Mrs. Mosher sat while a
common cane seat chair was on the other
side of the stand farthest from the win-
dow, and in this chair Clifford MosherThe Leader of the Twentieth
Century Among Cigars ::

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guarantee of QUALITY.

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BOSTON.

Visit

The Annual
Clearance
Sale.

CENTER & McDOWELL,

Footwear Fitters,
539 CONGRESS STREET.

THE END OF THE CENTURY

Is also the end of my first
ten years of constant expe-
rience in fitting the eyes. Dur-
ing this time I have been
consulted by 10,500 persons.
They will tell you my suc-
cess. I examine the eyes free.WORTHLEY, Optician,
Monument Square.Looking
At
FiftyPATTERNS of Toilet Sets,
not one of which can
be cast aside as undesirable,
ought to be interesting if you
are needing a set of any size,
expensive or cheap. Bath
Room Sets also, in many
good patterns, at the OLD
CROCKERY STORE of...Burbank, Douglass & Co.
242 Middle St.
Jan14/01

(Talk No. 374.)

JUST
FOR
LOOKS.Sometimes I hear it said that peo-
ple wear glasses "just for looks."
Never in my experience have I had a
person ask for glasses just for looks.
When they want glasses it is because
they want relief. The reason more
people wear glasses than formerly,
is because we have a better knowl-
edge of the eye. We understand
how to give relief, which a few
years ago had to be endured. It is
as injurious to wear glasses when
they are not needed, as to do with-
out them when they are. I will
examine your eyes at any time and
will tell you if you need glasses or if
you do not. I am here to sell glass-
es, of course, but I will not sell
them unless they will be a benefit to
you.A. M. WENTWORTH,
Practical Optician,
510 1-2 Congress St.
Office Hours, — 8.30 a. m. to 1 p. m.
— 2.30 p. m. to 5 p. m.

was sitting when the crash of the broken window came. Within reach of the feet of Mrs. Mosher as she sat in her chair by the side of this stand was the stove, a common, old fashioned, wood burning cooking range. From it a long smoke pipe stretched away across the room into the old fashioned chimney, and from this pipe hung a pair of felt boots belonging to Clifford, hung up there by him to dry when he returned home from the village on Saturday night.

Near the end of this kitchen nearest the door opening on to the porch was the dining table, with the dishes which had been placed there after the evening meal was eaten and covered with a red table cloth. The covering of the table was an old cloth, one end of which is now stained with blood. It was at the foot of this table that Clifford Mosher was given the first blow from the sled stake by the white man and the pool of blood on the floor near the table and the blood splashes on the table and the wall near by show how

TERMINIC WAS THIS BLOW.

So much for a description of the kitchen, when the opening scene of this tragedy was played and a glance at the accompanying diagram of the ground floor of the house and of the picture of the interior of the kitchen taken from the window through which the men jumped will make this explanation more clear. Now for the story of what happened in this room at about seven o'clock Saturday night.

Clifford Mosher had been into Gorham for the mail and had brought back with him a letter to his mother and some newspapers for himself. They had eaten supper and Clifford had aided his mother in preparing the evening meal and in afterwards clearing it away from the table. Mrs. Mosher is seventy-two years old and recently injured her knee so badly that she is quite lame and can only move about with the utmost difficulty. Then Clifford attended to his evening duties about the stable and shortly before seven o'clock came in to sit down by the stand before referred to. He pulled off his long felt boots and hung them by a string from the stove pipe over the stove, and taking up a paper began to read. Mrs. Mosher and her son were quietly reading before going to bed, when there came a knock at the back door or the door opening on to the porch. Had they but known it, without this door stood a man with the sled stake ready to

SMASH OUT THE BRAINS of Clifford or his mother or whoever should answer the summons. The night was then dark, the moon in its last quarter, not having yet arisen. The negro, Bill Hands, probably stood behind his white companion, also armed and ready for the assault, but it was not made in this way.

It is a most uncommon thing even at seven o'clock at night for anyone to knock at the door of a farm house. Neighbors do not defauling out this way after nightfall, and especially on stormy nights, for at this time the snow was falling quite rapidly and the indications were that the night would be an unpleasant one. Only bewildered and weary travellers knock at farm house doors after nightfall, as a rule. At any rate, the summons at this time of night in the Mosher household was unusual.

Now when this summons came Mrs. Mosher naturally said she wondered who it could be. "It is that John McLain, I feel sure," said Clifford. John McLain had caused some trouble at the Mosher house a few years before this. He was described as being a very large man and good natured, apparently, but he had a fondness for liquor which made people about the locality view him with distrust. He did not hail from anywhere in Gorham's vicinity but came from some place "down east," where he had a wife and family so it was said. Four years ago he was hired to work on this farm during haying time by Mrs. Mosher. He did his work well enough but got in the habit of going across the field to a near by house and sitting up on a o'clock. When he was drunk he was worthless and

AS HE GOT DRUNK as often as he got the chance the Mosher's soon discovered that he was not very much good at any time. One day Mrs. Mosher's family went away to a wedding or some similar gathering in the neighborhood. They had told McLain and another hired man that if they wanted cider at any time they could have a little, but that they must not abuse the privilege. When the Mosher family departed on this day McLain got a French boy who was about the place to break into the cider cellar and steal for himself and the other hired man some of the cider stored there. This the boy did and when the Mosher's came back home they found McLain and the other man stretched out beside a fence dead drunk instead of being at work in the fields where they should have been.

Mrs. Mosher promptly discharged McLain. He took his discharge with good nature and parted with friendly feelings towards the family he was supposed. He never had a cross word with Clifford or any of the others in the household. In fact Mrs. Mosher said Sunday that McLain's stay at the farm was only for four days. After this McLain worked about on some of the neighboring farms, at Johnson's among other places, and so the Mosher's had not been allowed to forget him. Last summer some time McLain visited the farm again, but only Clifford saw him. The man slept in the barn for the night. He was

THEN DRUNK AND RAGGED. Now when this knocking came at the back door of the Mosher place somehow Clifford seemed to think that it was Mo-

IN OLDEN TIMES People overlooked the importance of a permanently beneficial effect and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which are for a time, but finally injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Lain. Why should he think of McLain on this night, months after the last time he had seen him? Was it because he had heard someone talking about McLain recently, as having seen him in the vicinity? No one can answer this question, but the fact remains that Clifford Mosher thought of McLain when he heard the knock.

"It is that John McLain, I feel sure," said Clifford to his mother.

"Then he is drunk," replied his mother, "and don't you go to the door."

So they waited in silence while the knocking was repeated at intervals and then ceased. Apparently the knocker had gone away. Some minutes passed and Clifford and his mother resumed their reading. Then came the knocking again, this time louder and on the door opening into the woodshed and pump house.

"Did you bolt that pump house door?" asked Mrs. Mosher.

Clifford said that he had.

"Then how in the world could any one get into the pump house unless he knew the house as well as we do?" asked Mrs. Mosher.

It was a natural question and cause for wonder that any one should have got through this long, rambling woodshed, piled high on either side with cords of wood ready for the stove,

DARK AS THE DARKEST PIT and with the path way between the tiers of wood very crooked and intricate and with stumbling blocks at every turn. The entrance to it was a long distance away, so that to get into the shed one had to pass between two small buildings after going entirely around the barn and pigery. No stranger could ever have found this woodshed door in a dark night and no stranger could ever have found his way through this crooked path between the piles of wood without a light. It must be, then, someone who knew the house well and naturally Mrs. Mosher and Clifford were believed that it was none other than McLain.

Mrs. Mosher turned down the light on the stand between them. They were naturally a little bit alarmed. McLain was not a nice man to have about at any time, much more was he an unwelcome caller at this hour of the night. With the light turned down they waited in silence. At the woodshed door the pounding continued, growing louder as the visitor became angry at not being answered. Did the man think from his summons not being answered that the aged and infirm Mrs. Mosher was alone at home? The woman is hard of hearing and might not have heard the knocking of the man. Perhaps he thought that as no one answered the knocks Mrs. Mosher was alone in the house. After a time the knocking at this door ceased. The visitor whoever he was had gone away. Clifford and his mother breathed easier in consequence.

Unconscious of the danger hanging over them, the light was once more turned up and the quiet reading was resumed. Some fifteen or twenty minutes passed in this way. Neither said anything and the minutes slowly dragged themselves away, the only sound being the roaring of the fire in the stove and the ticking of the clock on the mantle shelf.

As has been said, Mrs. Mosher sat within four or five feet of the small window in one corner of the room. This was a window with small panes of glass, quite high from the ground, but it was made easy to reach it from the ground because of the embankment of sawdust which had been built up around the sills of the house outside.

Suddenly and without the slightest warning there

CAME A TERRIFIC CRASH.

The window, rash and all was smashed into a hundred pieces by the blow from a sled stake. After the flying glass and splintered wood of the sash came the bulky form of the white man. He was not recognized by Mrs. Mosher, but whether Clifford recognized him or not it is of course impossible to tell. He came through the window with the big club in his hand, covered with snow and with his cap pulled well down over his eyes.

Clifford jumped from his place on the other side of the stand and ran around to protect his mother. He had barely reached her side when his assailant grabbed him and by the force of his onslaught threw him back upon the floor. But Clifford Mosher was a man of great strength and good courage. He did not submit tamely. His struggles as testified by his mother were heroic. He realized undoubtedly that he was fighting for his life and he did his best to make a brave fight. The ruffian on top of him tried in vain to choke him so that he could not move. Clifford fell with his head towards the table in the center of the room and his feet towards the window through which the man had come. On the table right above Clifford's head was, had he but known it, a big butcher knife which would have made the unequal struggle going on there on the floor a little more interesting for his assailant who had his hand full as it was.

Suddenly the man jumped to his feet and struck Clifford the first blow with the heavy horn beam sled stake. The blow was on the head and was enough

TO HAVE KILLED AN OX.

had it fallen in the right spot, but it did not at once cause insensibility or death, for the man found it necessary to throw his body on to Clifford and to choke him some more.

In the meantime Mrs. Mosher was attacked by the negro. He came through the window immediately after his companion and was also armed with a stake, but with one of smaller size and not so heavy. It was of pine and had undoubtedly come from the woodshed. With this stick the negro struck Mrs. Mosher over the head. The blow was a hard one and out a deep gash in the woman's head, but did not render her insensible. She rolled off the rocking chair on to the floor and when she went down the lamp, which was of glass, and of the kind ordinarily used in the kitchen, fell to the floor. The chimney was of course broken by the fall but the lamp was not shattered. The flame still flickered in this light and Mrs. Mosher saw the man raise his stick for another blow. She is a quick witted woman and as those who

read this story will be ready to admit a plucky and cool headed woman as well. She saw the upright stick and quick as a flash it dawned upon her that she must somehow extinguish the light to save herself and also to help Clifford who was struggling on the floor. With one arm she

STRUCK THIS LAMP

a blow which sent it rolling across the floor towards where the two men were fighting and there it was broken and the flame extinguished.

Down came the negro's stick aimed for Mrs. Mosher's head with savage force, but the woman had time to turn her head a little and the stick struck her shoulder a glancing blow. She cried out: "What do you mean to kill me?" as this blow fell and then rolled over under the stand and crawled and rolled across the floor to the door of her bed room through which she jumped and bolted the door on the inside.

In the darkness which she had caused she escaped temporarily. The kitchen was in darkness for the time being. Mrs. Mosher being hard of hearing, and very much excited as well, could not hear what was said by the two robbers. Neither could she hear the cries or groans of her son if there were any cries or groans from him, nature fortunately sparing her this addition to the horrors of this terrible night. She found that she was bleeding very much from her wounds and wrapped her apron about her head to staunch the flow of blood. Then she put her eye to the crack in the old fashioned door to witness what was going on in the kitchen. Through this narrow crack she could see only a portion of the kitchen, but when the lantern was lighted she found that the place where her son and

THE MAN ON TOP OF HIM

had been struggling was within the range of her vision. This lantern was hanging from a nail at the end of the sink. It had always been kept there from time immemorial and every one familiar with the Mosher household knew this. The light of the lantern showed to the distracted mother that Clifford was not lying on the floor where she had last seen him. A dark pool of blood was under the table showing where his head had rested, but Clifford had disappeared. Never again was she to see the form of her son excepting in the clasp of death, but she did not know this at the time. She thought that Clifford had managed to escape up stairs where he had a revolver and a rifle, and she rejoiced at the thought that he would soon be able to defend himself in this unequal contest. She knew that Clifford would never desert her and for a time she took heart.

But even a woman hard of hearing as Mrs. Mosher can hear the report of a rifle or of a revolver when fired near at hand and though she waited for this report to come and prayed for it and expected it, she did not hear it. Of course she

WAS TERRIBLY FRIGHTENED

and suffering much pain as well, but she kept quiet and remained in the room. Though she did not hear the report of the rifle or of the revolver she did hear a terrible noise in the parlor near at hand. This noise was deadened to her because of her infirmity, but she was aware that something was going on in there nevertheless. She thought it was the noise of the burglars smashing open some boxes somewhere, but it was really a loud and death struggle between an unarmed and badly wounded man and two desperate and

BLOOD MADDENED BRUTES.

Clifford Mosher had struggled to his feet when the light went out, throwing from him his assailant and had made a dash for the parlor. He left a track of blood across the kitchen floor on the way, but he managed to reach this room. Here was considerable furniture. Mrs. Mosher had used this room as a sort of store room among other things and had kept some food here on a table near the door. Of course there were quite a number of chairs, a table, a sofa at one side of the room, a book case in one corner and at the other end of the room a melodeon. There were many pictures on the walls and white paper also showing as plainly as if it were in print the story of this struggle for life. Clifford had reached this room undoubtedly faint and weak from the wound in his head. He got to the back part of the room and was trying to reach the door opening into the front hall. Once through that door and up to his own room he could defend himself, for there he had a forty-four calibre revolver and a rifle. But he never reached the door for the two fiends were after him with a lighted lantern to show them where their victim was. The heavy sled stake fell again and this time crashed in the top of Mosher's head. The brains were scattered all over the floor at the place where he stood when the blow fell. He was in an upright position, probably on his knees anyway, for the marks on the wall show this. He sank slowly to the floor, sliding along the wall as he fell and leaving a bloody mark upon the white wall paper. He was a strong man and though dying he still struggled. As he fell he grabbed at a piece of wrapping paper on the table near at hand and clutching it he left a

BLOOD MARK ON THE PAPER

and the table and tore off a large piece of it in his last desperate attempt to keep in an upright position. Blow followed blow from the cruel weapon and the man sank to the floor behind a sort of barricade of furniture which had been overturned and broken in the rush of escape and the onslaught of the men.

Beat Out of an Increase of His Pension.

A Mexican war veteran and prominent editor writes: "Seeing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, I am reminded that as a soldier in Mexico in '47 and '48 I contracted Mexican diarrhoea and this remedy has kept me from getting an increase in my pension for on every renewal a dose of it restores me." It is unequalled as a quick cure for diarrhoea and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Haseltine, 397 Congress St.; Stevens, 107 Portland St.; Gould, Congress Square; Raymond, Cumberland Mills.

PERUNA CURES CATARRH OF STOMACH, BOWELS, KIDNEYS AND FEMALE ORGANS.

But this was not enough to satisfy the murderers. They wanted to make sure of the job and one of them took a pair of the men's drawers from the sofa in the room where some clothing was piled.

The legs of these drawers were wrapped about the man's throat and then, so it is supposed, each of the murderers took an end of the drawers and pulled on it until they shut off whatever breath the dying man had left. These drawers were found wrapped about the man's neck and were dyed in blood from his terrible wounds. Clifford dead, the men started off to

RANSACK THE HOUSE.

They knew where to go to find the money they were after, but first they set out to explore the house for food. One of them Mrs. Mosher saw go down into the cellar.

A panel from this cellar door was stove out. Whether it was done by a blow aimed at Mosher in the dark when he was trying to escape from the kitchen, or whether it was done when the men came to try to go down cellar and found the door was hard to open it is not certain. At any rate this panel was stove out by a blow from a club. Apparently the men had forgotten all about Mrs. Mosher, for the moment, or thought that the wound she had received was sufficient to cause her death. They did not search for her at this time. She bent over with her eye at the crack in the bed room door, and watched everything the men did, fearing that they might come to her at any time and wondering what had become of Clifford all of this time.

As has been said one of the men went down cellar and returned with food. They also found some in the parlor where the body of Clifford Mosher was lying. The marks of their bloody hands were left on every article they touched. They were to be seen on the walls they touched in passing from one room to another, on the doors they opened, on the plates they handled in getting the lunch for themselves and

BLOODY FINGER MARKS

on the door show, but saw nothing in there which they thought might conceal valuables. They then went up into the attic where they piled around a good deal but found little to reward them, though they smashed open a lot of boxes and tipped over everything they came across. In fact it was a thorough job which these men did. They got from Clifford's room his gold watch, heavy chain and compass chain and presumably some money, as money was found on the negro when he was arrested. How much they secured is not known, but it must have been somewhere in the neighborhood of \$50, as the negro had half of this sum on his person when taken.

The search of these rooms occupied a long time. Then the men returned to the ground floor, had some more lunch, hunted around in the parlor and kitchen for money and the woman who was watching them through the crack in the door saw them as she thought going away.

Suddenly the negro came back into the room with the lantern and with the big club in his hand smashed at the door of the bed room behind which Mrs. Mosher was hiding. She saw him coming, thought that her last moment had come and sank back on the side of the bed with her bloody apron about her wounded head.

Smash went the door of the bed room and in the door way, illuminated by the yellow glare of the blood stained lantern stood the negro. His hands were covered with blood as were his clothes, while the bludgeon he carried in his hand was also bloody.

The negro stood there a moment looking at the aged woman. She was crying pitifully. She pleaded for her life and called upon the Lord to protect her.

"I want your money," demanded the negro.

"I have no money. I have no money. Only a few trinkets in these bureau drawers which I am keeping for my little children. See," and with that the terror stricken woman pulled out a few small drawers in the bureau showing the trinkets she had referred to.

"I want your money," said the negro.

"I have no money. Heavenly Father protect me," moaned the aged woman.

What was it that made the negro hesitate? No one knows. He had the opportunity to kill the woman and leave no witnesses. He had participated in the murdering of her son; to remove this woman would have been but one more cowardly act. Whatever it was

THE NEGRO HESITATED.

He dropped his lantern by the side of the door and with a spring leaped from the blood stained house of the tragedy through the broken window and disappeared. Presumably his companion had already left the house and the negro hastened to join him. The negro was pale stricken and would no longer stay alone in this house of horrible scenes.

Now it must be remembered that the only witness to all of this outside of the two men who committed the crime was hard of hearing and dependent almost upon the sense of sight, which is keen, to warn her of danger or to inform her of what was taking place around her. How much was she spared of the awful sounds which must have followed the death struggle of her youngest boy in the room next to her own only the imagination can picture. When the negro disappeared from her sight leaving the lantern behind him the woman stood there for a time trembling with fear and expecting that with every second the white man would return with his colored partner and wipe from the face of the earth the deadly witness left behind. Suddenly Mrs. Mosher was seized with an inspiration. She could escape if she were quick about it. She thought that Clifford must be up stairs in his room and if she could only join him perhaps together they could defend themselves against another attack. She did not know that

CLIFFORD WAS DEAD

at that time. Seizing the lantern, stained by the blood of her son, Mrs. Mosher ran for the porch at the end of the kitchen. She gained the narrow doorway to the winding stairs leading up to the floor above and managed to crawl up them to the top. She glanced in Clifford's room when she came to it and quickly saw the condition it was in. Boxes smashed and contents strewn all over the floor, blood stains on everything, a scene of horror. She saw that Clifford was not there. The men might be after her at any time now, and she hurried on to save herself. She reached the front room in which were two beds both of them made up ready for use. She bolted the door behind her and extinguished the lantern. The moon had not risen and the room was as dark as pitch. She threw herself upon the bed, hauled over her the bed clothes and with her wounded head upon a pillow waited for the fiends to come to finish their work.

How long she remained here she cannot say. She had lost all sense of time. At last the moon rose and through the small windows of this room in which she crouched trembling in every limb it cast

though every nook and corner of this room had been searched as well as the neighboring sleeping room. Another smaller room adjoining the room used by Clifford as his store room was also entered, but the robbers did not do much damage there, though they pulled out the drawer of a small stand and overhauled its contents, throwing everything on to the floor. The drawers of the bureau were also gone through and apparently no place was left without being looked into carefully. An alarm clock in Clifford's sleeping room had been knocked to the floor and had stopped at 9.30 o'clock. It is thought by some that this was the time the men knocked this clock off from its shelf but by others the stopping of the clock at this time is not believed to be of any significance, although it would seem that this must have been about the time that the men were going through the house.

Having gone through Clifford's room the men took a peep into the front chamber as the

BLOODY FINGER MARKS

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Twin Thoughts

While you were bothering about something good for the table our bakers were thinking out the problem of something everybody would like. Twin thoughts reflected in the goodness of

Kennedy's Butter Thin Biscuit

Don't bother, we succeeded. They're crisp, rich, delicately flavored—just enough to tempt the appetite any time; dainty enough for any occasion. In the "In-cer-seal Patent Package," at grocers everywhere. Samples will be forwarded on request.

THE KENNEDY BAKERY.
Cambridgeport, Mass.



its cold, silvery light. As this light increased and the

MOON ROSE STEADILY

over the hills Mrs. Mosher tremblingly got out of bed. She could not listen. Her infirmity deprived her of this way of telling when danger was near or when the path for escape was clear. She peeped out of the window which looks out into the road but could see no one. She began to believe she had after all escaped the fury of these men who had turned her home into a slaughter house.

Suddenly she thought that Clifford must be lying around the house somewhere desperately hurt and possibly gagged and bound. Perhaps these men had thrown him out into the snow to perish of the cold. She must do something at once and this thought gave her courage and strength. She wrapped around her some white bed spreads. She believed that should the men be still about and see her in these that they might think she was a ghost, and she thought, too, that the white bed spreads would be so much like the snow that they would see to hide her from sight when she was once out in the bright glare of the moon. This is why she put on the bed spreads so she told the newspaper men.

Then as quietly as she was able she opened the door of the front room, opening into the front hall and crept down the front stairs, passing, though she did not know it, within touch almost of the body of

HER MURDERED SON,

who lay with his head near to the door opening into this hallway and with only the thickness of the door between.

Then she opened the front door of the house and looked out into the road. No one was in sight. She was not clad for this tramp through the snow, nor was her strength great enough for such an undertaking, but she courageously set forth.

The snow had ceased to fall about 11 o'clock, and it was now about 12. Every step the lame woman took was a terrible effort for her. Again and again she fell headlong into the snow. Every step she took could be traced by the newspaper men when they came to look for them by drops of red and here and there large splashes of blood from the bruise on her head. Mrs. Mosher told the PRESS reporter that she fell down she could not remember how many times, and each time it seemed as though she never could get up again, but the thought of her boy who might be needing assistance nerved her to the task. Once she staggered up against a tree to which she clung for support until she had strength enough to go on. All of this time she feared pursuit, and never expected to reach that neighbor's house not a quarter of a mile away.

But she saw no one and of course heard nothing. She struggled on and on. It took her, she thought on Sunday, fully half an hour to make this journey. How she did it she does not know, and it was the wonder of all who knew her and her condition.

At last she reached the door yard of Mr. Freeman Richardson. She began to

CRY OUT FOR HELP.

Her screams brought the help she required. Mr. Arthur Richardson hurried out into the yard to where the woman was lying. He picked her up and bore her into the house. There she told her story. It was of course somewhat disconnected. But it was understood. The Richardson's were horror stricken by the story. Mr. Arthur Richardson at once set off to visit the Mosher place. He was alone and having heard the tale that had been told him he was not to be blamed for not waiting to go through this dark snowing. Those with the toes pointing toward the house where they left the highway were covered with about an half inch of snow. These had been made

THE TRACKS OF MEN,

two men as he could tell. Examining them a little closer he could see these tracks had been made while it was still snowing. Those with the toes pointing toward the house where they left the highway were covered with about an half inch of snow. These had been made

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

at 7 o'clock. The tracks which pointed away from the house and could be traced down the road past the Richardson place were covered with a light layer of snow. These tracks had been made between half past nine and ten o'clock, as we shall show.

Mr. Richardson knew that the thing to do was to get a doctor for Mrs. Mosher and then police officers to examine the house and chase up the murderers. He ran back to his house and harnessed a horse into a sleigh. He did not know how much of a start the murderers had on him and they were going the same way with him, but he whipped his horse into a gallop and flew down the road. He saw no signs of anyone ahead of him, though the foot prints in the snow, going and coming, could be plainly seen. It is two miles and a half from the Richardson place to Westbrook. Mr. Richardson reached there about 9 o'clock. He went to the police station and found Officer Cousins on duty. To him he told the story and from the Westbrook police station the news was telephoned into Portland. Deputy Sheriff Bragdon was routed out of bed in a hurry and set off to inform Sheriff Pearson and Coroner Perry by telephone.

Then Dr. Horr was called. In a very short time the whole party started off as fast as horses could haul them towards the scene of the tragedy.

Mrs. Mosher had given a very good description of the two men who had done the awful work in her house. One of them, she said,

WAS A BLACK MAN.

She was not sure whether he was a real negro or whether he had merely blacked his face. She said that she had tried to see his color by his hands, but found they were covered with blood so that the color could not be told by them. He was of medium height, had very good features, wore a soft felt hat and a light overcoat, she thought. The other man was white, was about six feet tall with

This was the weapon used by the negro who assaulted Mrs. Mosher.

Then the men looked around the barn and house as did the newspaper men and the officials who soon arrived at the scene of the tragedy. The tracks of the two men could be followed around the house. It could be seen where they had tried to look in through windows into the kitchen, where they had found the sled stake from a pile near the corner of the barn and where they had stood when they made their first jump into the kitchen through the window.

Around the side of the house from this window, on the side towards Westbrook, the men had walked a good deal. The tracks were all the same, those made early in the evening being distinguished from those made later by the depth of the snow in them. One of these tracks was made by a man wearing about a No. 9 shoe with rounded or square toes. The other was made by a man

WITH LONG POINTED SHOES.

These latter tracks were made by the white man as it turned out. About them in the rear of the house were found some bloody stains.

In the meantime Dr. Horr had arrived and had dressed Mrs. Mosher's wounds. He had found the woman somewhat excited, but bearing up well under the terrible strain. The wounds are not serious. A deep scalp wound is the only bad one, though the woman was also cut some by flying glass.

About three o'clock the newspaper men and Coroner Perry accompanied by Deputy Sheriff Dunn arrived. Mr. Perry at once took charge of matters, got descriptions and so forth and began to make plans for the pursuit. Deputy Sheriff Bragdon was left in charge of the house which was closed to everyone. During the forenoon Sheriff Pearson, Deputy Sheriff Leach and County Attorney Whitehouse accompanied Mr. Perry to the place and they went over everything thoroughly and got many valuable pieces of information. Mrs. Mosher was interviewed by the coroner and the PRESS reporters and told her story as it has been given above.

The tracks of the two men were followed into Westbrook. Half way down to Westbrook, just this side of the watering trough on the hill a place was found where the men went in behind a tree by the side of the railroad track. It turns out that they went in there

TO ESCAPE OBSERVATION

from a passing car of the Westbrook, Winham and Naples railroad. This car passed them on its ten o'clock trip into Westbrook and the conductor and motor-man noticed where the tracks left the road at that time and thought it singular. Near Mr. Bixby's house the men left the main road and went down on to the railroad track of the P. and N. This they followed into Portland.

It was the Portland Sunday Times' complete story of the murder with all the facts which appeared two hours before that of any other paper in Portland which led to the quick arrest of the negro. Mr. William Heber is the driver for the Chemical Engine company. He lives on St. John street and was on his way to breakfast when he met the negro on St. John street. The man looked at him in a very peculiar way, eyeing the brass buttons on Mr. Heber's akimbo, and Mr. Heber was struck by the fact that he was a strange negro and seemed not to like brass buttons. When he got home Mr. Heber sat down to read the Sunday Times' account of the murder. When he found that a negro was concerned in it he got excited and hurried off to notify the police of the man he had seen striking off along the S. and M. tracks.

Deputy Marshal Frith promptly telephoned every one on the line he could reach. Among others he reached Mr. Fred Newcome, constable at Oak Hill station. Mr. Newcome was on the lookout for the negro all the forenoon and about noon he saw one coming up the track. Mr. Newcome called him and asked him where he was going. The negro said he was going up the line to cut wood. Mr. Newcome told him he had some wood to be cut and

WOULD HIRE THE NEGRO

to do it, thinking thereby to detain him until the Portland officers could come and get him. The negro was suspicious and seemed to be in a hurry to get on. He said he couldn't cut wood without he had something to eat. Mr. Newcome told him he could have something to eat if he would come inside. Thereupon the negro went inside and sat down to a table to eat. Five minutes later up drove Deputy Sheriff Plummer and Dunn. They had got word that the man was on the way towards Boston and started off with a fast horse to overtake him. The horse was driven too hard and was pretty well played out. The road was hard on horses yesterday and the sheriff's animal could not keep up the pace they wanted to make. Just as they thought they would have to let up a bit Mr. Harry B. Bist drove up with a lady behind a fast horse. The sheriff told him they would like to swap horses even if it was Sunday, and explained why. Mr. Bist jumped out, put his horse in the sleigh of the sheriff's

and away they went to arrive about the time the man was caught.

When the officers entered the railway station in which the negro was eating a lunch there was quite a crowd present. Mr. Plummer asked the negro where he was from. He said from Portland. "Where did you stay last night," asked Mr. Plummer.

"At the mission in Portland," was

Portsmouth from Boston and beating his way for the rest of the distance on a freight train. Thursday night he had stopped at the Salvation Army hotel and Friday night at Fernald and Sawyer's stable where he thought he might get a job as carriage washer. He met the man with whom he went to the Mosher house Thursday night in a saloon on Federal street. They had some talk and the man

INDUCE THE OLD WOMAN

to give him some money, which she had refused to do. He had then ran away with his companion, who gave him \$40 and some other things. He knew this money had been stolen he said. When they came to the tree mentioned above in the story the white man had told him he was going to try and catch the eleven o'clock train to Boston. They hurried on

o'clock he took the railroad track for Boston and was hid up as has been said. When he was brought into the jail the negro appeared to be very stolid and passive. He looks as though there was something lacking about him, as though he were not mentally all right. He was taken into the jail corridor, there stripped, searched and put in a cell. He repeated the above story with several

man: John McLain is five feet, eight inches, in height, weighs 170 pounds, age about 40; thick set, dark eyes, pointed nose, sandy complexion, light brown moustache, had about a week's growth of beard, sandy hair laid smooth, average cut. He wore a small check light brown or gray full suit, sack coat, and had on a plain light blue woolen shirt with pearl

at least must have been struck over the head of Clifford Mosher. The appearances indicate that the front of the forehead had been butted in after the man had been felled to the floor.

WILL BE ARRAIGNED TODAY.

Hands, the negro, will probably be arraigned at a special session of the municipal court at 9 o'clock this afternoon. He had not retained counsel last evening, although a few lawyers had called at the jail to see him. These lawyers' requests for interviewing the negro were denied by Sheriff Pearson. An attorney will probably be assigned by the court to act as counsel for Hands. Mr. Whitehouse, the county attorney, will summon about ten witnesses.

THE CORONER'S JURY.

Yesterday, ex-Deputy Sheriff Benjamin F. Whitney of Gorham, who is a constable, summoned under the direction of Coroner Perry, the following citizens to serve as jurors at the inquest: Frederick A. Giddings, foreman Frank P. Johnson, Wells F. Potter, Simon B. Guthrie, Frank O. Morse, Arthur F. Richardson. The inquest will be held in the county attorney's room in the City building at ten o'clock next Monday morning.

Coroner Perry ordered Sheriff Pearson to turn the body over to the family, and the latter turned it over to Undertaker Brown of Gorham.

GORHAM.

Those registered at the Jose house for the week ending January 11th, were: E. B. Cressy, Standish; J. L. March, Sebago Lake; W. H. Ward, Albert Wyman, Walter Douglass H. L. Ward, Fred Ballard, Ralph Hancock, Portland; James N. Libby, V. E. Joyce, William C. Edwards, Gorham; Miss Lucy Knight, South Gorham; Charles Meserve, South Gorham; Frank H. Emery, John Alden, Frank H. Emery, Gorham; Ralph H. Files, West Gorham; Charles Raymond, Brockton, Mass.; F. Wentworth, Westbrook; J. A. Milliken, L. C. Easton, Boston, Mass.; Abdon Marston, Auburn; Ralph L. Deering, Scarborough; Ellis Johnson, North Gorham; Mary Hanger, Chicago, Ill.; D. Annie Meserve, Scarborough; Cyrus Shaw, Gorham.

There will be a meeting of the First Parish church on Tuesday evening, the 16th day of January, to act upon the resignation of the pastor Rev. George W. Reynolds, who has received and accepted a call from the First Congregational church at South Manchester, Conn., a very large and prominent society.

There will also be a meeting of the First Parish (Congregational) at the chapel on Thursday, the 17th day of January, at two o'clock p. m., to act upon the resignation of Rev. Mr. Reynolds.

The officers-elect of the K. of P. Lodge of Gorham were installed Thursday evening by D. G. U. Charles W. Harding, assisted by Past C. C. Stephen P. Libby. They were as follows: G. C. Fred W. Stokney; V. G. D. E. D. Chaffin; P. Frank A. Kildon; M. of W. Rev. William Cashmore; M. of L. Simon B. Guthrie; M. of E. Gardner M. Parker; M. at A. Henry L. Merrill; K. M. & S. Fred H. Hinkley; E. V. H. H. Newcomb; O. P. L. J. Leonard.

James Libby and Ralph Deering of the Gorham High school entertained a few of their school friends at the Jose house Friday evening. The occasion was a very pleasant one. Refreshments were served.

Miss Nellie Clondman of the Gorham Normal school faculty, the popular teacher of the primary department, has resigned to accept a position as principal of the training school, Bangor.

Mr. F. C. Wentworth saw a fine large deer as he was returning by train from Buxton, Thursday. He attended the funeral of her aunt, Mrs. John Larrabee, Scarborough, Friday.

BRITISH DECADENCE.

They Think They Are Going To the Wall Fast Over Across.

London, January 12.—Great Britain's decadence is becoming quite a popular theme. Self-debasement and self-flagellation seem to be congenial to the chastened spirit of the nation, forced to realize through the accumulation of reverses, military and diplomatic and industrial, that Great Britain's predominance dream is past. It is almost a daily occurrence for some great London newspaper to parade the short-coming of the country, instituting comparisons with the United States and Germany little complimentary to Great Britain.

"Lost opportunities," says the Morning Post, "is the keynote and the Britain which could dictate its will to the ends of the earth is today a myth."

The great woolen and allied trades threaten to be revolutionized by an American machine which is now operating at Bradford.

"What it all will open up is not fully apparent at first sight," says the Bradford Observer, "but it looks as if the position at present occupied by Arkwright and Crompton in the world of inventors during the 19th century is to be superseded by Drury in the 20th. How is it that this idea was left to a Yankee lawyer to bring out?"

Drury's invention is described as the simplest yet devised. It is capable of spinning the toughest yarns from asbestos or peat moss without difficulty. Drury left Boston two years ago.

The Daily Telegraph calls attention to the enormous increase in the use of American confectionery in England.

Even from the Philippines comes requests to adopt American methods. Mr. Preval of London, writing to the Times from Manila, urges the British troops in South Africa to use the tunic piece, won by the American troops, to protect the spine, and also their webbing cartridge belt and method of preserving surgical dressing.

Senator Proctor's Italian marble corner draws forth from today an indignant protest. It says: "Who, for instance, is Senator Proctor that he should create for his own enrichment a scarcity of Carrara marble, in which the highest art of all ages in Europe has found its noblest expression, and so go on in a similar strain, maintaining that the Senator has no right to assume a dictatorship of the world's art."



MRS. RUFUS MOSHER.



MOSHER HOUSE FROM THE REAR. The murderers entered the kitchen through the second window to the left.

the reply. "How did those blood stains come on your hat?" asked Mr. Plummer.

The negro had on a soft white hat

WHICH HAD BLOOD SPOTS

on it. The man replied that he had cut his hand. This was true for the hand was cut on the broken window of the Mosher house.

Then without more talk the officers froned the negro. He offered no resistance and seemed entirely passive. When searched there were found on him the following articles: United States currency in bills to the sum of \$40. There was one \$20 and four \$5 bills. One of the \$5 bills had blood stains on it. In addition there was 25 cents in change in the man's pockets. A gold watch with hunting case and heavy ox link gold chain with a compass charm which belonged to Clifford Mosher. The officers were looking for this very watch. A razor with the name "Mosher" written on the case and the same named carved on the bone handle. An old brush broom stained with blood, a looking glass and a comb. There were also found two gold rings and a slip showing that he had pawned his coat in Boston, January 10.

Sheriff Pearson has witnesses, one of them a Westbrook policeman and the other Conductor Barbour of the Portland railroad, who saw these two men of whom one was a negro and the other answered the description given above going towards Westbrook at half past five o'clock Saturday night. Both of these men saw the two men described at different times and separately gave descriptions of the men. It seems that the two men did not go out to the Mosher house together. They went out separately, the white man ahead and the negro some distance behind, until they got beyond the Westbrook, Windham and Naples railroad, where they joined one another and kept on the rest of the distance together.

The officers took the man and started for Portland with him. He admitted that he had been at Mosher's house the night before and that he knew there had been murder and robbery done there and that the money he had was the proceeds of the robbery or part of the proceeds. He then went on to say that he had arrived in Portland last Thursday afternoon about three o'clock. He was born in Virginia and had lived in New England six years

and up the P. and N. Ry. tracks. When they came to Grove street they took it and went up over the hill to Holland's drug store. It was then after midnight, he did not know just what the time was. The white man kept on up Grove street

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variations and when caught in one lie, took another tack and

TOLD ANOTHER STORY

without appearing to be confused in the least. The negro's right hand was out on the back, it was two places on the palm and

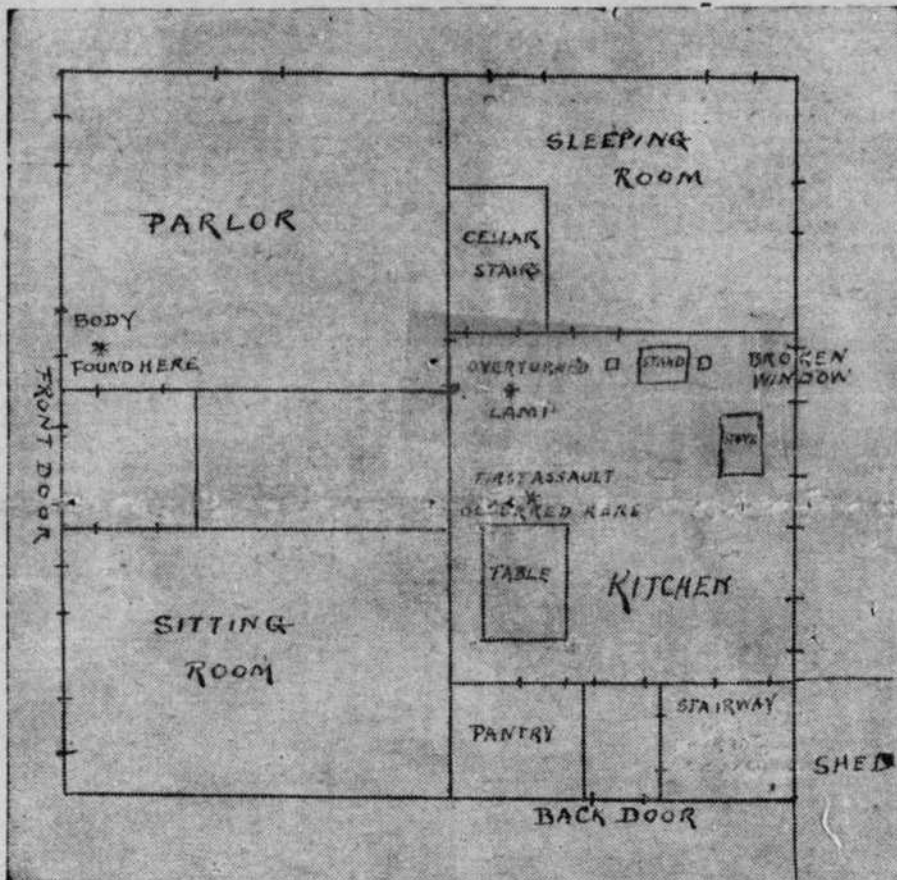


DIAGRAM OF FIRST FLOOR.

to the Friendly Inn and asked him to go to Gorham with him. Accordingly he had gone out there. He waited in the road while the white man went into the house to get the money. Soon he heard an outcry for help and ran clear around

whenever the negro turned down Congress towards St. John street.

He had gone to the house of Mr. Joseph Henry Hughes at 7 Douglass street and asked to be allowed to go in and warm himself. Mr. Hughes being kind hearted

in the joint of one finger.

What the negro has said about his antecedents so far as has been possible has been shown to be true by the sheriff.

The other man, the one who was most wanted is missing. It is probable that



THE PARLOR

This picture shows the condition of the parlor when the coroner arrived. The body lay beneath the window to the left hidden by overturned furniture. The dark spots on the wall beneath the window are blood stains.



THE KITCHEN.

The photograph from which this picture was made was taken fifteen minutes after sunrise on Sunday morning. It shows the kitchen where the first assault was made. The camera being placed near the window through which the murderers entered. The dark spot in the foreground is a blood stain. It was here the first assault on Clifford Mosher was made. On the left of the table are shown the clubs used by the murderers.

Until two weeks ago he had worked at the Draper foundry in Hopedale, Mass., which has been proved to be true by Sheriff Pearson. His only relative is a brother living in Portsmouth, Va., named John Hand. The man said his name was "Bill." He had worked for four or five days on the steamship Bay State but had lost his job there. Then he came to Portland, paying his fare to

the barn following the tracks of the white man. When he came to the window which had been broken he looked in and saw two men scuffling on the floor, while the old woman was fussing about pretty well frightened. Hand said that he jumped through the window to separate the men. He took no part in the fight and did nothing to help the white man. He admitted that he had tried to

take him in though. It was very late and gave him something to eat. The negro took the officers to this house where the people said that the man had slept on the floor all night and when they got up in the morning was trying to wash the blood from his clothes and also was washing his hands. He told them he had cut his hands accidentally and that's how the blood came on his clothes. At seven

county will offer a reward of \$500 for this man's arrest. If the county does not offer a reward the sheriff says that he will. Mr. Pearson says he is going to catch this man if he has to do nothing else for many months. All the deputy sheriffs worked zealously, faithfully and well yesterday and were on the go all day long. The county officials want John McLain and offer the following description of the

ty Attorney Whitehouse, an autopsy was performed by Dr. John F. Thompson, assisted by Dr. R. D. Small. Dr. Thompson said last evening that there were two large, ragged scalp wounds on the back of the head and a fracture through the base of the skull. The bones of the forehead were crushed in and there were two ragged wounds in the forehead. Dr. Thompson added that five or six blows

Nervous Women

Should Know THE Secret of

Orangeine

There is a world of comfort and cure in these little powders. Thousands of women the world over testify to their accuracy for "tired nerves."

"Orangeine" is a necessity next to food and clothes," writes Mrs. Ella Badger, Duluth, Texas.

"Orangeine" seems to be the only remedy for my headache," writes Mrs. Nellie Gibson, Salem, Ohio.

Sold by druggists generally in 25 and 50c packages. A trial package will be sent to any address for 2-cent stamp.

ORANGEINE CHEMICAL CO., Chicago, Ill.

THE PRESS.

MONDAY, JANUARY 14, 1901.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS—
By the year, \$6 in advance or \$7 at the end of the year.
By the month, 50 cents.

The DAILY PRESS is delivered at these rates every morning to subscribers in all parts of Portland, and in Westbrook and South Portland.

MAINE STATE PRESS (Weekly).—
By the year, \$1 in advance, or \$1.25 at the end of the year.

For six months, 50 cents; for three months, 25 cents.

Subscribers whose papers are not delivered promptly are requested to notify the office of the DAILY PRESS, No. 37 Exchange street, Portland, Me.

Patrons of the PRESS who are leaving town temporarily may have the addresses of their papers changed as often as they may desire by notifying the office.

The Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions has ordered its missionaries to return to Central China, which indicates that the trouble in that region is believed to be over.

Though the despatches say that the Chinese envoys have been instructed to sign the note of the powers, nothing has been received from Minister Conger on the subject, and Washington is in doubt still as to the outcome.

Mr. Bryan's paper, The Commoner, will make its appearance January 28. Curiosity is putting on subscribers by the hundreds and thousands. But curiosity will soon be satisfied and then the paper will circulate, if it circulates at all, on its merits. If the paper is as prosy as Mr. Bryan's free silver speeches it won't go a great while.

A bill has been introduced into the Kansas legislature to repeal the woman suffrage law, and the friends of the law are preparing to make a stout resistance. The law is not popular among the politicians, they claiming that it tends to make the expenses of campaigns very large since the women insist on being conveyed to the polls in carriages.

The great majority of the troops in the Philippines are entitled to their discharge by the first of July, and few of them are likely to re-enlist. The need of pushing the army bill to an early passage is evident, therefore, unless the islands are to be abandoned. Nevertheless the Senate seems to be proceeding very leisurely in the matter.

In his testimony before the committee that is investigating the hazing at West Point, Col. Mills, the superintendent of the academy, said that many outsiders thought hazing commendable, and former graduates of the academy looked upon it in the same light. "Many parents are sympathetic," declared Col. Mills, "as long as their sons are fourth class men, but their feelings undergo a change when their sons advance to the upper classes. They enjoy their sons getting even—especially the women."

Representative Allan of Portland will introduce in the House this week a bill, the text of which is published elsewhere, designed to remedy the scandalous practices that have grown up under the fee system in the matter of liquor seizures. Mr. Allan recognizes that abolition of all fees or the turning over of all of them to the county is impracticable, and has so drawn his bill as to make it apply especially to those cases when a change is practicable and out of which the demand for abolition has largely arisen. The principle of Mr. Allan's bill is correct. Possible some of its details may be susceptible of improvement though it appears to be carefully drawn. Of course the representatives and senators from Cumberland county and especially from Portland, where the scandals of the fee system have been more in evidence, perhaps, than anywhere else, are all in sympathy with the purpose of this measure and will give it their principle vigorous support.

Mr. Z. A. Gilbert replies in a letter published in another column to Mr. B. Walker McKee's answer to his recent letter in the Maine Farmer. Mr. Gilbert reiterates all his charges and intimates that he is prepared to furnish documentary proof of many of them. It is clearly evident that this matter has assumed sufficient importance to call for a thorough investigation by the Board of Agriculture or some other tribunal that has jurisdiction of the matter. If Mr. McKee has been slandered he ought to seek to vindicate himself in the only satisfactory way open to him, that is, by calling for an investigation. Certainly he can hardly expect, or even ask, for a re-election as Secretary of the Board until the charges against him are satisfactorily cleared up. And in this connection it may be proper to suggest that the Board of Agriculture ought to be given more supervision over the expenditure of the money that is appropriated by the legislature. As matters now stand the Board has little more than a theoretical control of its secretary who seems to be able to spend money about as he sees fit. For all the power and supervision it exercises the Board might as well not be in existence.

The murder committed at Gorham Saturday evening has rarely been equalled for its brutality. Though robbery was undoubtedly one motive, it seems altogether likely that there was in it too an element of hatred of the young man who was killed and his mother. Had nothing but the desire to steal possessed the murderers they would most likely have resorted to murder only as a last resource, either to compass their purpose or to put out of the way the witnesses of their crime. Instead of this the white man, who was doubtless the instigator and director of the affair, began operations with a deadly assault upon Mosher and his mother. Of the two men the black man seems to have been the less diabolical. The prayers and entreaties of the old

woman apparently did make some impression upon him. But the white man balanced his victims without mercy. The blow he struck at the woman was a murderous one and that it did not kill her was no lack of intention on his part. The prompt capture of one of the murderers and the probability that the other will not long remain out of the clutches of the law will afford great satisfaction to the community. This is one of the class of murders that makes people wish that the death penalty was on our statute book.

MAINE INDUSTRIES.

Annual Report of Labor Commissioner Matthews.

Augusta, January 12.—The annual report of Hon. Samuel W. Matthews, commissioner of industrial and labor statistics, was issued today. Commissioner Matthews says that the investigations of the bureau during the past year have been directed largely to the shipbuilding, canning and wood working industries. These investigations have been thorough and exhaustive and the results have been interesting and gratifying. In the shipbuilding industry, more vessels and tonnage have been built and launched than for many years and the prospect of continued improvement is very encouraging.

The reports of officers of towns and cities, of factories, mills and shops built or in progress of erection during the present year, give a larger number of towns, more buildings and a larger number of hands employed than in any year during the last decade. A larger amount of money has been invested than in any year in the same period with the exception of 1891 and 1899, when many costly pulp mills were erected.

In the cotton industry of the State there is invested capital of \$15,067,710. The cost of material used in the past year was \$5,337,639; total wages paid to operatives was \$4,142,896; value of product, \$11,854,635; total number of hands employed, 12,962, of which 5,963 were men, 6,331 women, and 708 children under 16 years of age. The average weekly wages of cotton mill operatives was: Men, \$7.53; women, \$5.47, and children, \$3.64.

In the woolen industry the capital invested in 28 plants is \$4,111,080. The cost of material used during the year was \$4,010,844, and \$1,660,634 was paid in wages to 3772 employees.

Of the canning industry the report says: "The canning or packing of corn, sardines, clams and blueberries comprise the great bulk of the business in this State, and has attained such proportions that Maine has become one of the leading States in the Union in the packing industry, standing third on the list of canning sweet corn and first in the canning of sardines."

"The canning industry of Maine has become more valuable than the slate, granite and ice industries combined, the value of the entire output being about \$3,000,000 annually."

Although the figures given in that portion of the report which relates to shipbuilding cover only eleven months of the year, from January 1 to December 1, and the investigations made only in the customs districts of Bath, Waldoboro, Belfast, Castine and Machias, the total tonnage launched for the eleven months in the five districts named, foots up 13,067 tons against 47,088 tons for the twelve months ending December 31, 1899, in the same districts. The report adds, that the result of careful inquiry indicates that during the month of December, vessels whose aggregate tonnage is over 7000 tons, were launched, bringing the total for the year fully to 63,000 tons.

An interesting feature of the report is a table showing the earnings, cost of living, wages, etc., of working men in the State. This table shows that the highest average annual income is enjoyed by "granite workers without families," \$735.25, closely followed by "carriage makers with families," \$690.15. The lowest average annual income is that of bleachers' employees, \$389.56, and "machinists with families" stand second from the bottom of the list with \$333.54.

STRUCK OIL.

Most Productive Well in World Discovered.

Pittsburg, Pa., January 12.—J. M. Guffey has made the most important discovery of the past ten years. Last Thursday he drilled into a mighty gusher in eastern Texas, located on a 3,800 acre tract 18 miles from Sabine Pass, on the Sabine river, and 14 miles from Port Arthur, in Jefferson county. On Friday morning the well was flowing at a rate estimated at 15,000 barrels a day. No kankage had been provided and the oil was running in a stream into the Sabine river.

Mr. Guffey stated tonight that he thought 15,000 barrels a day would be a conservative estimate of what the well is producing and thought it would reach 20,000, which would make it the largest in the world.

OGDEN GOELET'S FORTUNE.

New York, January 12.—The report of the appraisers appointed by the surrogate to establish the valuation of Ogden Goelet's personal property, was made public today and shows that it was worth nearly \$7,000,000 instead of being a trifle over \$400,000, the estimate furnished by the family.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, etc. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

COLLISION ON M. C. R. R.

Serious Head On Collision at Auburn Saturday.

Auburn, Me., January 12.—A serious head-on collision between two freight trains occurred on the Maine Central railroad about a mile south of this city this afternoon. Although the trains were running at a speed of 25 miles an hour when they came together, none of the train crews was injured, the engines and freemen on both engines seeing the threatened danger in time to jump. The other trainmen were on cars which did not suffer seriously from the shock. Both engines were very badly wrecked.

The trains which were in collision were No. 33 of the Maine Central and No. 804 of the Portland and Rumford Falls road, the same line of track being used by both companies at this point. The Maine Central train left Portland about nine o'clock this forenoon and with frequent stops and the drifting snow did not make very good time on the run. At the point where the accident occurred there is a long, swinging turn in the track, and as the trains approached each other the running at a fairly good speed, the engineers did not see the danger until they were within a short distance of each other. Levers were reversed and when every effort had been made to bring the trains to a stop the engines and their freemen sought safety in jumping. The trains came together with a crash, both engines being almost demolished. Several cars on the Maine Central train also were wrecked, but none of the five Portland and Rumford Falls cars was even derailed. Wrecking trains were dispatched to the scene of the accident at once, but it was not until nearly eight o'clock tonight that the track was cleared sufficiently to allow traffic to be resumed.

How the two trains running in opposite directions happened to be at this point at the same time has not been explained and an investigation will be made.

The Maine Central train was under charge of Conductor W. Russell. Conductor Charles Smith was in charge of the Portland and Rumford Falls train. The fireman of the Maine Central train had a close call, having somewhat delayed his jump. He landed between two of the derailed cars immediately behind his engine, and narrowly escaped being crushed between them.

Of the seven cars wrecked, three were open cars and four closed box cars. Two of the open cars were badly smashed but remained on the rails. One of the box cars was forced off its trucks and was shoved ahead onto one of the open cars as presently and prettily as though it had been lifted by a derrick and placed in position. Under the car in the rear of this one were two sets of trucks, the set belonging there and that of the displaced car. The whole appearance of the collision was that of method and order.

But disorder reigned amid the rest of the wreck. Two box cars were forced from the track and were buried at right angles up a steep embankment. Splinters and fragments were everywhere strewn about. Axles were twisted and bent as though made of wire, and the whole aspect of the scene was desolate in the extreme.

At the Maine Central offices in this city no information could be obtained as to how the trains happened to be on the same track.

SENATOR DAVIS.

Tributes Paid to Great Minnesotaan at Saturday's Session.

Washington, January 12.—No legislative business of importance was transacted by the Senate today. The session was devoted to services held in memory of the late Senator Cushman K. Davis of Minnesota.

Immediately upon the conclusion of the routine morning business Mr. Nelson of Minnesota called up his resolution expressive of the regret of the Senate at the death of Mr. Davis.

As Mr. Nelson called up the resolution, Mrs. Davis, accompanied by some friends, entered the executive gallery of the Senate. The speakers of the occasion included Senators Morgan of Alabama, Clark of Wyoming, Lodge of Massachusetts and Daniel of Virginia, all of whom were associated with Mr. Davis as members of the foreign relations committee. Others who pronounced eulogies upon the late Senator, were his late colleague Senator Nelson of Minnesota, and his successor, Senator Towne and Senators Hoar of Massachusetts, Spooner of Wisconsin, McCumber of North Dakota and Foster of Washington.

In recent years in the Senate, no more beautiful, heartfelt and eloquent eulogies have been pronounced upon the memory of any Senator than those delivered today.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, January 12.—After an hour spent in miscellaneous routine business, during the course of which several bills of minor importance were passed, the House devoted today to a continuation of the debate upon the river and harbor appropriation bill, which was interrupted yesterday by private bill day. The main feature was an elaborate speech by Mr. Catchings of Mississippi, in defense of the improvement of the lower Mississippi river. Mr. Catchings retired from the House March 4, after 14 years of service, several of which he was chairman of the river and harbor committee and during all of which he has been the special champion of the improvement of the navigation of the Mississippi. His speech today was in the nature of a valedictory.

The other speeches today were principally by members who had been disappointed in not having special projects provided for in the bill.

BRYAN'S PAPER.

Lincoln, Neb., January 12.—W. J. Bryan announced tonight that the first issue of his paper, The Commoner, would appear Wednesday, January 23. The printing will be done by contract, but the mailing and all other business details will be under Mr. Bryan's supervision. The first two floors of a large building have been leased for business and mailing rooms. Mr. Bryan said the circulation, which was quite satisfactory, would be announced with the initial number.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

STATE OF MAINE.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 8th, 1901.
ORDERED, That the time for the reception of petitions and bills for private and special legislation be limited to Thursday, January 11, 1901, and that all petitions and bills presented after that date, be referred to the next legislature, and that the Clerk of the House cause this order to be published in all the daily and weekly papers printed in the State.
House of Representatives, January 8, 1901, read and passed, sent to the concurrence.
W. S. COTTON, Clerk.
In Senate, January 9, 1901, read and passed, in concurrence.
KENDALL M. DUNBAR, Secretary.
A true copy.
W. S. COTTON, Clerk.
Jan12td

Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee on Judiciary will give a public hearing in its room at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Tuesday, Feb. 5, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. No. 68. On an order directing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of revising the Public Laws of the State of Maine.
Jan12td H. T. POWERS, Secretary.

Committee on Financial Affairs.

The Committee on Financial Affairs will give a public hearing in its room at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Thursday, Jan. 17, 1901. On a Resolve in favor of an appropriation for the Maine Eye & Ear Infirmary at Portland. On several petitions in favor of an appropriation for the Maine Home for Friendless Boys at Portland. On several petitions in favor of an appropriation for the Temporary Home for Women and Children at Portland.
Thursday, Jan. 24, 1901. On a Resolve in favor of an appropriation for the Eastern Maine General Hospital at Bangor, at 2 o'clock. On a Resolve in favor of an appropriation for Central Maine General Hospital at Lewiston, at 2:30 o'clock.
Thursday, Jan. 31, 1901. On a Resolve in favor of an appropriation for the Hospital of the Society of the Sisters of Charity at Lewiston.
Jan12td H. L. HIX, Secretary.

Committee on Interior Waters.

The Committee on Interior Waters will give hearings in its rooms at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Thursday, Jan. 24, 1901. On petition of Frederick Robie and others of Cumberland County for an appropriation to complete the construction of a dam at the mouth of the Songo River in the town of Naples, and for dredging and deepening the channel of said river to Songo as well as the channel of Clute River in said Naples.
Thursday, Jan. 24, 1901. On petition of Frederick Robie and others in favor of compelling all parties using the navigable waters of Clute's River, Bay of Naples and Songo River for the purpose of driving logs, pulp wood or any other wood to have such waters free of such wood at or before June 15th annually.
Jan12td S. L. FLEAHODY, Secretary.

Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee on Judiciary will give a public hearing in its room at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Wednesday, January 16, 1901, at 2:00 o'clock p. m. On an act to extend the charter of the Agamemnon Water Co.
Jan12td H. T. POWERS, Secretary.

Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee on Judiciary will give a public hearing in its room at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Wednesday, January 16, 1901, at 2:00 o'clock p. m. On the petition of Ephraim Dyer and others to incorporate the Scarborough Water Co.
Jan12td H. T. POWERS, Secretary.

Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee on Judiciary will give public hearing in its room at the State House in Augusta as follows:
Wednesday, January 16, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. On an order directing the Committee on Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of amending the statutes relating to kidnapping.
Tuesday, January 22, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. On the petition of S. N. Kilgus, p. m. On a petition for change in the laws in relation to the extension of burying grounds.
On act to change the time of opening polling places to 6 o'clock in the discretion of the election officers.
Jan12td H. T. POWERS, Secretary.

Committee on Railroads, Telegraphs and Expresses.

There will be a hearing at the Railroad Commissioners' room in the State House at Augusta on January 16th at 2 o'clock p. m. upon the following bill presented to the legislature: "An act to amend the charter of the Rockland, Thomaston and Camden Railway."
Jan12td JOHN P. DEERING, Secretary.

Committee on Railroads, Telegraphs and Expresses.

There will be a hearing at the Railroad Commissioners' room in the State House at Augusta on January 16th at 2 o'clock p. m. upon the following bills presented to the legislature: "An act to amend Chapter 267 as heretofore amended relating to Western Telephone Co." and "An act to amend the charter of the Waterville and Wiscasset Railroad Co." and "An act to incorporate the Wiscasset, Waterville & Farmington Railroad Co."
Jan12td JOHN P. DEERING, Secretary.

Committee on Railroads, Telegraphs and Expresses.

There will be a hearing at the Railroad Commissioners' room in the State House at Augusta on January 23rd at 2 o'clock p. m. upon the following bills presented to the legislature: "An act to extend the charter of the Franklin, Somerset and Kennebec Railway. An act to extend the charter of the Waterville and Wiscasset Railroad Co." and "An act to incorporate the Wiscasset, Waterville & Farmington Railroad Co."
Jan12td JOHN P. DEERING, Secretary.

Committee on Judiciary.

The Committee on Judiciary will give a public hearing in its rooms at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Tuesday, January 23, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. No. 75. On an act to establish a law uniform with the laws of other States relating to Negotiable Instruments.
Wednesday, January 30, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. No. 76. On the petition of H. W. Shaw and others in favor of full suffrage for Women.
Jan12td H. T. POWERS, Secretary.

Committee on Taxation.

The Committee on Taxation will give a public hearing in its rooms at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Thursday, January 17, at 7 p. m. On matters relating to the taxation of steam railroads.
Jan12td H. P. GARDNER, Secretary.

Committee on Agriculture.

The Committee on Agriculture will give a public hearing in its rooms at the State House in Augusta, as follows:
Tuesday Evening, January 15, 1901, at 7:30 o'clock for the purpose of a hearing on "An act to establish a Dairy Bureau of the Board of Agriculture."
Jan12td HENRY D. HAMMOND, Secretary.

Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

The Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds will give a public hearing in the superintendent of Buildings room.
Tuesday, January 22nd, at 2 p. m. on petition of Lincoln County Historical Society and others. For appointment of a Committee and an Appropriation of Money to care for the Premises and Ruins of the Colonial Fort of William Henry at Pemaquid.
Jan12td G. M. PHOENIX, Secretary.

OBJECTS TO SMOKE.

Bangor, Me., January 12.—The case of John O. Cassidy against Cyrus A. Washburn, which has been on trial for several days in the Supreme court, was given to the jury at 10:30 today, after a charge of forty minutes' length by Chief Justice Wiswell.

At 5 p. m. the jury was still out and was instructed by the court to seal the verdict and bring it in at 9:30 Monday afternoon, to which hour court adjourned.

In this case John Cassidy, one of Bangor's rich men, for 1 year and time sued Cyrus A. Washburn for \$5,000 damages on account of alleged injury to his (Cassidy's) residence by snicks from the chimney of defendant's mill, opposite the Cassidy residence in Railroad at Main streets. Cassidy says that unless the snicks is stopped he will have to abandon his \$15,000 residence.

RAGINE WATER COMPANY.

6 PER CENT BONDS.

Under the terms of the mortgage the Company had the right to call in the above bonds, and we have been notified that all of the above bonds have been called for payment, and that interest will cease thereon February 28, 1901.
If the holders of the above bonds will send their bonds to us, we shall be happy to collect them without charge and to give them such further information as they may desire.

SWAN & BARRETT.

Jan14td

INVESTMENTS

WE OFFER

Municipal Bonds,
Water Works Bonds,
Railroad Bonds,
Bank Stock.

H. M. Payson & Co.

32 EXCHANGE ST.

\$10,000, MAINE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

7s, due 1912.

—FOR SALE BY—

CHARLES F. FLAGG,
194 MIDDLE ST., Portland, Me.

NEW ENGLAND INVESTMENTS.

County of Washington, Me., 1923-8
4s, 1907
City of Portland, due 1912
City of South Portland 3 1-2s, 1903
City of Auburn 4s, 1903
Portland Water Co. 4s, 1907
Machias Water Co. 5s, 1916
Oakland Water Co. 5s, 1908-18
Newport Water Co. 4s, 1929
Bangor & Aroostook, Maine Line, 5s, 1943
Bangor and Aroostook, Piscataquis Division, 5s, 1943
Bangor and Aroostook, Van Buren Extension, 5s, 1943
Maine Central, 4 1-2s, 1912

MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY,

Cor. Middle and Exchange Sts.

Casco National Bank

OF

PORTLAND, MAINE.

Incorporated 1824.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Interest Paid on

TIME - DEPOSITS.

LETTERS OF CREDIT AND INTERNATIONAL CHEQUES

FOR SALE.

Correspondence solicited from individuals, Corporations, Banks and others desiring to open accounts as well as from those wishing to transact banking business of any description through this Bank.
STEPHEN J. SWARTZ, President.
MARSHALL R. GODING, Cashier.
Jan12td

The Portland National Bank.

Comparative statement of the condition of The Portland National Bank as reported to the bank's stockholders by Fred E. Richards, President, January 8, 1901.

RESOURCES.

	Jan. 6, 1900.	Jan. 5, 1901.
Loans and Discounts,	\$1,347,683.05	\$1,556,069.24
Overdrafts,	2.33	none
U. S. Bonds to Secure Circulation,	260,000.00	300,000.00
Other Bonds,	549,900.44	\$49,946.69
Premium on U. S. Bonds,	54,000.00	none
Furniture and Fixtures,	200.00	200.00
Current Expenses,	5,542.10	none
Due from Other Banks,	328,414.21	487,965.82
Cash,	151,677.05	190,847.92
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer,	11,700.00	15,000.00
	\$2,709,179.18	\$3,390,949.65

LIABILITIES.

	\$300,000.00	\$300,000.00
Capital Stock,		
Surplus and Undivided Profits,	101,292.97	140,370.30
Circulatory Notes,	260,000.00	300,000.00
Deposits,	2,073,916.21	2,650,579.38
	\$2,709,179.18	\$3,390,949.65

AMUSEMENTS.

SECURE YOUR TICKETS

Burton Holmes' Charming Lectures.

Illustrated with appropriate still and motion pictures.
Subject—Edge of China, Moki Land, Paris Exposition, Wonders of Thessaly and Oberammergau.
The finest and most interesting course ever given in Portland.
Course tickets, including reserved seats only \$3.00, \$2.50 and \$2.00.
Now on sale at Cressy, Jones & Allen's.
Jan12tdw

JEFFERSON THEATRE,

Second WAITE'S COMEDY CO.

Famous Unexcelled Premium Band and Grand Orchestra.
A Splendid Company headed by GEO. H. SUMMERS.

Special Attraction Monday Evening—The only appearance of

Jas. E. Waite in THE MAN FROM CATTARAUGUS.
MATINEES. REPERTOIRE FOR THE WEEK. EVENINGS.
The

Various Matters To Be Taken Up in the House.

This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it today. Try Jell-o, a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! simply add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers today, 10 cts.

In-coming vessels report that the ice floes are sweeping outward toward the track of the trans-Atlantic steamers and are likely to reach the latitude of Cape Race next week.

Mr. Pretorius Fails to Persuade Boers to Surrender.

Somerville, Mass., January 12.—A fire in the barn of Robert Ferris at 7 o'clock tonight burned eight horses, three carriages and several sets of harnesses. The loss will be about \$5,000. Cause unknown.

Everything that's left from Christmas stock goes in for this Monday and Tuesday Sale at exactly

At State Island, N. Y., of pneumonia, Cal
Delmont Genn, of Orrington, Maine, aged 6
years 5 months.
In South Brewer, Jan. 3, Mrs. Angelina Peo
per, aged 69 years.

THROUGH BLOOD.

Williams Said He Would Wade in Gore to Win Hand of Employer's Daughter.

The most interesting case which will be held at the Superior court was taken up Saturday afternoon. The case had only begun to be interesting when it was adjourned until Monday to enable the jury to catch trains for their homes. The case in question is that of the State against Charles K. Williams. In this indictment the respondent is charged with shooting and attempting to kill George W. Stilson of Great Island, Harpwell, on the 19th of last July. Mr. Stilson is a farmer and fisherman. Williams had been working for him for three months continuously prior to the shooting.

On the morning of July 19th, Stilson went out into his pasture a short distance from the house, to work on some wire fence. In about a half an hour Williams came out where he was and told him that he had brought another coil of barbed wire. Stilson replied that he didn't need any more. He then gave Williams certain directions as to what to do, and went on with his work. In a few minutes, while stooping over driving some staples, he heard an explosion, and was thrown to the ground. The next thing he knew he saw Williams approaching him making kind of a moaning noise. He told Williams to stop his whining and come and help him up. He put his hand up to his head and found that it was all blood. Williams told him he would go to the house and get a handkerchief. Stilson told him no, he must not leave him out there alone but in spite of his entreaties, Williams went off towards the house and left him. In a short time Stilson managed to get to his feet and started towards the house and when within about fifty yards of the house, he met Williams coming towards him with a cloth in his hands. He said, "Ed, did you shoot me over there in the woods?" and Williams replied, "No, Darling, I wouldn't shoot you." Soon afterwards Stilson's wife returned, and Dr. Elliot of Brunswick was sent for. He removed a large number of No. 4 shot from his arm and neck and shoulder. One shot pierced the left eye, which became totally blind. Williams left the house that night and was not seen again for six days. He afterwards claimed that his shotgun for some days previous to the shooting had been at Mr. Horton's in Bath but Horton testified that Williams never brought any gun there. Stilson's family say that the gun was in the house until the day before the shooting.

The State claims, as showing a motive for the crime, that Williams had a grudge against Stilson on account of some trouble that occurred between them a few months before, when Stilson slapped Williams's face. Also that Williams had asked Stilson's consent to marry his daughter which had been refused. The State claims that Williams had seduced this young girl, a child having recently been born to her, and that while in jail he wrote letters to her stating that he would have her if he had to wade through blood to get her.

The State further claims that Williams while in jail hired a young man who was in for larceny to go before the grand jury and swear to a story which he (Williams) wrote out for him. This young man was to testify that he was out shooting rabbits at the particular time and place where the shooting occurred, and unknowingly shot at a rabbit in the direction of Stilson. He testified before the grand jury, but afterwards confessed that his story was false, and that Williams hired him to tell it.

At the adjournment of court Saturday night the case was still in progress, Mr. Stilson being then upon the stand.

C. E. Sawyer of Brunswick appears as counsel for Williams.

Another case tried was that of the State vs. William Davidson. In this indictment the defendant was charged with keeping a liquor nuisance at 115 Green street, a place occupied by him as a dwelling house. The officers on one occasion found 39 bottles of lager beer in a trap in the floor in a bedroom. Small quantities of liquor were also found on another occasion. Defendant claimed he knew nothing about the lager beer, but that it was placed there by some of his boarders for their own use and that he has never sold liquor at any time. Verdict not guilty.

Scott Wilson for state D. A. Meaher for defendant.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.

Petitions in bankruptcy have been filed by:

Paul Castor, Portland.

William W. Drake, Auburn.

Eliza T. Hamor, Eden.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

In the Municipal court Saturday morning Martin O'Hare was discharged on a search and seizure process, the assistant county attorney moving for a nolle prosequi. For the defense Attorney True entered a plea of misnomer, as the complaint ran against Martin O'Hare. The sheriff announced their intention of prosecuting O'Hare on a nuisance process.

A HAPPY CHILD

is one who grows, without interruption of health, from a baby up—except the inevitable diseases of children.

And Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil has done more, in the 26 years of its existence, than any half-dozen other things, to make such children.

It keeps them in uninterrupted health. It is food that takes hold at once, whenever their usual food lets go.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

John Bitaman was fined \$100 and costs for a search and seizure, appealed to the Superior court and gave \$300 bail for his appearance therein.

WILL RESIGN.

Chairman Bates of the Democratic City Committee.

At the next regular monthly meeting of the Democratic city committee which takes place on the first Tuesday in February, Chairman Samuel L. Bates will tender his resignation. Soon after the municipal campaign last spring, Mr. Bates, who had been one of the members of the city committee representing Ward 3 for four years, was unanimously elected the chairman of the committee. He has served acceptably and has done good work for his party. But he has found that his private affairs have been much neglected by the many duties which he is required to attend to as chairman. "I had hoped that I might continue as the chairman of the committee, but I have come to the conclusion that the position is taking too much of my time," said Mr. Bates on Saturday afternoon. "The hours which I have spent in politics during the past year I should have spent in my profession. So when the members of the committee come together next month I shall insist upon my resignation being accepted."

"Will you also take yourself off the committee?"

"I don't know definitely as to that yet, but I rather think that I shall."

The announcement that Chairman Bates had made up his mind to resign, came as news to the Democratic leaders in Portland Saturday night. Mr. Bates has been a most competent chairman, they say, and his associates express much regret that he feels that he should now give way.

WORK HAS COMMENCED.

Grand Trunk Improvements Are Now Under Way.

The Grand Trunk has commenced blasting for a round table to be located at Fish Point. As soon as this round table is finished the machine shops, repair shops, and round house will be removed from their present location to East Deering beyond the new coal pockets.

It is generally understood among the wharves that the new elevator will be built on the site now occupied by the old depot. It is learned today that the management has not fully decided whether to build a working elevator or a storehouse, but the impression seems to be that it is the intention to erect a grain warehouse with a capacity of 2,000,000 bushels, which shall be connected with the present elevator, allowing the latter to do the work of moving grain with its machinery. Under this arrangement another belt conveyor will be run from the northerly end of the elevator to the coal wharf, which is to be converted into a freight wharf, with three loading berths.

KEROSENE CAUGHT FIRE.

The alarm of fire Saturday afternoon from box 61, called the fire department to the double house in the block at the foot of Parris street, occupied down stairs by the family of Thomas Laidlaw and up stairs by the family of William Omond. The fire started in the Laidlaw kitchen. Mrs. Laidlaw had a bottle of kerosene on the mantel behind the cooking stove. A spark from the stove flew into a work box on the shelf and set it on fire. In a moment the kerosene blazed up and for a few minutes there was great excitement. The fireman soon reached the scene and it took them only a short time to bring order out of chaos. The result was not very serious, but it costed a loss of about \$100. This comes hard on the Laidlaw family, for they had no insurance. The rooms of Mr. Omond were not much damaged. The house is owned by Mrs. Woodbury and is insured. The damage to the house was not large.

FUNERAL OF MRS. CHARLES H. FABYAN.

The funeral of Mrs. Charles H. Fabyan, which took place on Wednesday from her late residence, 864 Congress street, was largely attended by her many friends and co-workers in the charitable and church organizations with which she was connected. The Rev. Mr. Boardman, who conducted the services, spoke in most fitting terms of her noble and self-sacrificing Christian work. The Rosworth Relief Corps, in which she was so well known, attended in a body. The mass of flowers and floral pieces bore silent tribute to the high esteem in which she was held by the large circle who mourn her loss. The interment was in the family lot at Evergreen cemetery.

SMALL ICE CROP ON PENOBSCOT.

Bangor, January 12.—From present indications it is believed that the Penobscot river ice harvest this winter will be small. There are two principal reasons for this—first, the Hudson crop is likely to be large, and second, the Penobscot river fields are as rough as newly ploughed land, the tugboats having broken up the ice first formed when they dragged out the last dozen coasters in December, leaving the river surface an expanse of furrows, ridges and jams, where usually they freeze as smooth as glass. The ice business of the Penobscot is now almost entirely in the hands of the American ice company.

QUIET POLITICALLY.

Will Be No Contest for Mayoralty Nominations This Year.

The canons of the Republican and Democratic parties are only a few weeks away and yet there has been little discussion regarding the possible nominees for mayor on either ticket. It would seem that no one is very anxious to make a fight for the nominations this year. The names of several gentlemen have been mentioned but when they are approached in regard to the matter they say emphatically that they cannot be induced to run on any ticket. Some of the Republicans who like to have things pretty well mapped out before hand are becoming a little anxious and no doubt during the coming week some definite steps will be taken to bring forth available majority timber. In the several wards there are rumors of fights which are coming but little can be ascertained regarding them. When once it is commenced the municipal campaign will undoubtedly be a lively one but now it is very dull indeed.

MR. PINE A CANDIDATE.

"I am a candidate for alderman and am a candidate with a good prospect of winning, said ex-Councilman James A. Pine of ward three, Saturday evening. Several days ago an erroneous report was issued to the effect that Mr. Pine had decided not to become a candidate this year. The announcement of Mr. Pine that he is to be in the field for aldermanic honors makes the contest in that lively ward even more lively than ever.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

WATKINS' COMEDY COMPANY.

Watkins' popular comedy company, which closed a highly successful week at the Jefferson Saturday night, remains the attraction at the house for another full week. The plays of the past week gave excellent satisfaction, and the players made many friends. Many of the productions were well worth the price charged by the so-called high priced shows. As the big store believes in bargain sales, so does Mr. Watkins believe in delivering to the people an abundance of good, clean, wholesome entertainment at little price, and it was for that reason that he has for twenty years maintained the 1, 20 and 30 cent schedule. The coming week will be a busy one with the Watkins players.

Monday afternoon, the final week will open with a matinee performance of the "Kidnappers," a sensational comedy drama. Monday night James R. Watkins will again don wig and make up and appear in the title role of that Reuben Lowder, in "That Man from Castanaga." As a souvenir of the occasion a flash light picture of the audience will be taken by Hanson, the artist.

Tuesday and Thursday nights a diamond ring will be given away to some lady in the audience.

Friday night the stage settings will be made in full view of the audience. This ought to prove a decided novelty, as many who attend the theater have but a faint idea of the ingenuity used in making the pretty sets that greet the eye on the rise of the curtain.

In view of the reputation made by the company the past week the closing one should be a record breaker.

THE BURTON HOLMES LECTURES.

No lecturer since the days of John L. Stoddard ever met with more universal favor in the eyes of a Portland audience than did Burton Holmes when he made his initial bow here last season. Although coming here a total stranger he soon won his way into the hearts of his audiences and was always greeted with the warmest applause, while his subjects were handled in a masterly manner and magnificently illustrated with still and motion pictures, many of them being the finest ever seen here. His course this season promises to be even more interesting than that of last year, while the subjects cannot fail to please all who attend, as they are selected with special reference to matters that are of more than public interest just at this time. All the subjects are new with the exception of the second lecture, "Moki Land," which, on account of its deep interest and beautiful illustrations, will be repeated. The subjects of the different lectures will be "Edge of China," "Moki Land," "Paris Exposition," "Wonders of the Theosophy," and "Oberammergau in 1900."

All of these lectures will be fully illustrated with appropriate still and moving pictures. The courses opens at City hall, Thursday evening, January 24th, and continues for four consecutive Thursday evenings. Reserved seats are now on sale at Cressy, Jones & Allen's.

MAINE FESTIVAL ORCHESTRA CONCERT.

The date of changing the certificates for seats for this concert is to Tuesday the 15th instead of Wednesday the 16th. This allows one day's advantage to the holders of certificates, after which the sale will be open to the general public.

NOTE.

At the Jefferson theatre, January 30 and 31, Division 3, A. O. E. will produce "Ambition," an original and very clever comedy by a Portland playwright for the present season. The play is the strongest dramatic talent has been called into the cast and the play will be beautifully staged with every attention to detail.

SEE WAS CRAYZ DRUNK.

Officer Frank Merrill was called to a house on Lancaster street Saturday night by a little girl who said that her mother was making a lot of trouble for her father. Officer Merrill on reaching the house found that the woman was crazy drunk. She had threatened to kill her husband and her children and the whole household was in terror. Officer Merrill tried to quiet the woman, but didn't make a great success of the attempt. She tore his coat, gave him a black eye and tore off his badge. She kicked and screamed and acted like a maniac. It took three police officers to get her into the cell room. Officer Merrill said it was the worst case he has ever been called upon to handle in all of his long experience. "Being a woman I could not defend myself, but just had to take all that came. It was one of the worst half hours I ever put in," said Officer Merrill last night.

U B R E L L A S

AGAIN

Let us call your attention to our Umbrellas. Made close roll, of the best silk, with a great variety of handles to choose from, and every one guaranteed perfect.

GEO. H. GRIFFEN, JEWELER.

509 Congress St. Jan 14/01

IN A SECRET CLOSET.

Deputy Sheriff Accidentally Touched a Spring and Hiding Place Was Disclosed.

Saturday forenoon Deputy Sheriff Plummer, Skillings and Leach went to the Hotel Temple on a search for liquor. They were armed with a warrant against the place in due form. They searched in all the places where they had thought that liquor might be found, but got nothing for their pains. They had about giving up the investigation, but were looking around the cellar for a possible hiding place. Mr. Plummer thought that one side of the cellar wall looked rather suspicious and began sounding it. Tapping here and there he became more and more convinced that he had found a hiding place and continued his search with greater persistence. Finally he touched by accident a spring and the whole side of what looked like the cellar wall, but which was really a door, opened, and disclosed a large store of liquors of the best quality. There were whiskies put up in elegant bottles, gin and brandy of the best and several cases of first class champagne. All these liquors were seized and taken to the city building. It is estimated that fully \$300 would no more than cover the cost of the liquors seized. No one was arrested in connection with this seizure.

SOUTH PORTLAND.

A public installation of the officers of Masconomo tribe of Red Men will take place at their hall this evening. After the ceremony the members and invited guests will adjourn to the banquet hall, where refreshments will be served. During the evening a first class entertainment will be given. Masconomo numbers among its members many of the best citizens of this city. The tribe is in a very flourishing condition and since its organization has paid \$1000 in sick and death benefits.

Mrs. A. J. Hutchinson of Brunswick is visiting her mother on Pleasant street. Mrs. E. K. Cross of Knightville, who for the past two weeks has been very seriously ill, is slowly improving.

MEETING DEMOCRATIC CITY COMMITTEE.

An important meeting of the Democratic city committee was held Saturday evening to make preparations for the next mayoralty campaign and the matter of a candidate was informally discussed. It seemed to be the almost unanimous opinion of the committee that the logical candidate would be George H. Weeks, provided he would allow the use of his name, this in view of the fact that

CALIFORNIA OIL WELLS.

The Pacific Oil Company, Limited, of Los Angeles, Cal., calls attention to the rapidly growing oil industry in California and the prospect of large returns to investors. Its shares may now be bought at 85 cents on the dollar. Messrs. Ross Taylor & Co., of 66 Broadway, act as the New York agents for the company. Mr. Taylor, the head of the firm, is a son of Bishop Taylor, of the Methodist Episcopal church, and is widely known as a man of exceptional business qualifications. The great fortunes which were made out of the oil fields of the East naturally attract interest to the new territory.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF SEASIDE LODGE, I. O. G. T.

The corporation of Seaside lodge, I. O. G. T., met the 8th inst., at the residence of F. G. Orr to devise means to liquidate the mortgage of \$300 on which the right of redemption continues until next November. Besides the mortgage, Seaside Sewing circle has a claim of \$300 for money raised by said circle and paid over to Seaside lodge on condition that if the hall was sold, that the sum paid in by the circle should be returned. Mr. Wm. Gardner, Jefferson street, holds the two notes, one of \$75 the other \$225 which are signed by the trustees of the Good Templars' lodge at that time, viz. R. S. Smart, W. F. Eaton, A. B. Osmond, Rev. W. F. Eaton is the only one living. Eight members were present and each one expressed a desire to have the hall freed from indebtedness, and when finally disposed of have it transferred to a charitable society for the uplifting of humanity. No definite action relative to the hall was taken. They adjourned to meet the second Tuesday in February, at F. G. Orr's residence.

PLEASANTDALE.

The ladies of the Elm street M.E. church will give a supper this evening in the vestry from 5.30 to 8 o'clock.

NO BISHOP, NO CORPORATION.

A decision that there is no legal corporation of the Roman Catholic church here, was made by the court in a case brought by the time when a bishop dies and that when his successor is appointed, was given by Judge Powers in the Supreme court at Saco, Thursday afternoon.

J. R. LIBBY CO.

Linen Sale Repeated by Request.

Monday's the day. The Store-Opening Gong is the Signal.

The Sale of last week was the best in our store history and if the collection hadn't been colossal



PURE LINENS

we couldn't repeat it today.

Almost every line offered there is represented today.

All Linen Bleached Table Damask.

39c yard. Seven good patterns at this price, the widths run from 62 to 72 inches, genuine 50c quality. Today's price

50c. Satin finished Table Damasks, eight nice patterns, the widths are from 68 to 72 inches, at

69c. Six styles of Satin finish Damask, Dollar quality, some of them are 80c quality. This Sale price

79c. Eight styles in this collection, each piece measures 2 yards wide. quality at

98c. Satin finish, eight elegant styles, \$1.50 and 1.25 quality. This Sale price

\$1.39. Double Satin Damasks, several designs, full width, genuine \$2.00, 1.50 and 1.00 kinds. This Sale price

Napkins, 98c Doz. Fifty dozen strictly all linen, 4% size, choice patterns.

Towels, 12c. Six hundred in one lot at one price, Huck and Damask, Hemmed, hem-stitched and fringed, extra large, regular water soakers. True values are 25, 19 and 15c. This Sale price, each

25c. Here's a gathering of hundreds and hundreds of Towels, maybe a dozen or fifteen styles. 50 and 30c kinds at

Crash by the yard. 500 yards, 46 inches wide, 6c Barnsley's Crash, 17 inch, 7 1/2c

9c. Good household bleached crash, fine for roller or hand, 9c

Carriage Robes and Horse Blankets. One-Third and One-Quarter Off. \$4.00 Robes at \$3.00 2.75 " " 2.00 5.00 " " 3.25 2.75 " " 2.25 5.00 " " 4.00 4.50 " " 3.50 2.25 " " 2.00 1.08 " " 1.50

Horse Blankets for Stable Were \$1.10, now 85c " 1.00, " 1.50 and 1.40 " 2.00, " 1.50

Horse Blankets for Street. Were \$3.25, now \$2.40 " 3.00, " 1.95, 1.90 and 1.05 " 2.00, " 2.25 " 2.75, " 2.25 " 2.40, " 2.35 " 2.00, " 1.65

These are mostly the famous 5-A make and are all in good condition.

Surplus Sale of Shopping Bags. You'll see them on the short Bargain table just inside the entrance corner of Congress and Oak streets.

J. R. LIBBY CO.

SHERIFF'S FEES.

Representative Allan's Bill to Reform Some Present Practices.

Representative Allan of this city, will introduce the following bill in the House early in the present week:

STATE OF MAINE.

In the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and one.

An act relating to the fees of the Sheriff of Cumberland County.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in Legislature assembled, as follows:

Section 1—The sheriff of Cumberland county shall appoint three deputy sheriffs, who shall serve at the pleasure of said sheriff, and whose sole duty shall be to enforce the provisions of chapter 27, Revised Statutes of Maine, and acts additional thereto and amendatory thereof, in said county, and shall each receive as compensation therefor the sum of \$3 per day, to be paid from the county treasury, together with such incidental expenses as may be necessary for the proper enforcement of said chapter; bills for which shall be audited as provided in section 1, chapter 130, Revised Statutes of Maine.

Section 2—The sheriff of said county, and his deputies appointed under the provisions of section 1 of this act, shall receive no fees for said services except as herein provided, but shall charge up all fees now allowed to sheriffs and their deputies for the enforcement of the provisions of said chapter 27, Revised Statutes of Maine, and acts additional thereto and amendatory thereof, to the County of Cumberland and account for them as provided in section 3 of this act.

Section 3—The sheriff of Cumberland county on the last secular day of June and December of each year, shall render to the treasurer of said county an itemized account of all fees charged up to said county by him, and by his deputies appointed as herein provided from the enforcement of the provisions of said chapter 27, Revised Statutes of Maine and acts additional thereto and amendatory thereof, in said county, which said fees shall revert to the County of Cumberland.

Section 4—No deputy sheriff, unless appointed under the provisions of section 1 of this act, shall receive any fees for the enforcement of the provisions of said chapter 27, Revised Statutes of Maine, and acts additional thereto and amendatory thereof, in the City of Portland, and in said county, which said fees shall revert to the County of Cumberland.

Section 5—The sheriff of said Cumberland county shall be paid the sum of \$1500 per year from the county treasury, together with such incidental expenses as may be necessary for the proper enforcement

of the provisions of said chapter 27, Revised Statutes of Maine and acts additional thereto and amendatory thereof; bills for which shall be audited as provided in section 1 of this act.

Section 6—Any sheriff or deputy sheriff violating the provisions of this act, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$50.

Section 7—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Section 8—This act shall take effect the first of July, A. D., 1901.

FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS.

Interesting Meeting To Be Held at Lewiston With a Banquet in the Evening.

Saturday Secretary Thomas J. Little of the Maine Association of Local Fire Insurance Agents, sent out notices for the semi-annual meeting of the organization which is to be held Wednesday, January 30, at the DeWitt house in Lewiston. The programme will include a business meeting at 3.30 o'clock in the afternoon which will be open to all members for discussion of matters affecting the business in any part of the state. Some of the questions that have been proposed for consideration are multiple agencies, term rates, the 5 per cent reduction on unprotected business and the present method of making rules and rates by counties instead of one system for the whole state.

In the evening a banquet will be held at the hotel where prominent business men and insurance men will be present and deliver addresses. President George P. Sheldon of the National Board of Fire Underwriters of New York and of the Phoenix Insurance Co., of Brooklyn, will be one of the leading speakers.

Half rates have been secured on the railroads and it is expected that there will be a large attendance of agents and that the meeting will be a most important one.

SPARKING EXHIBITION.

At the Portland theatre this evening will occur what is believed will be the finest sparking exhibition ever given in Portland. The main bout of 15 rounds is between Arthur Cote of Bliddeford and Jack McKelver of Bath. Cote is the lightweight champion and has the distinction of having never been defeated.

JANUARY GLOVE SALE

\$1.50, \$1.25 and \$1.00, for

59 CENTS

We have a small stock, but quite a large assortment of Kid Gloves in Hook, Button and Clasp Gloves to be closed out at

59 CENTS

These cost us from \$3.00 to \$13.00 per dozen.

\$1.00, 75 and 69 cents, for

25 CENTS

This is a small odd lot in large and small sizes only.

Sale begins at 8 o'clock This Morning.

RINES BROS. CO.

On the other hand McKelver is considered in Sagadahoc county to be invincible.

The next bout is hardly less interesting. It is between George Phalen and Bert Kingsbury. Phalen is the plucky Portland boy, and Kingsbury is another pet of the Shipping City. Both expect to win the decision. A lively preliminary between two bantams will also be amusing. Larry McCormick will referee and give a decision in all bouts. The ring will be padded and all boldnessness is to be ruled out.

FOUGHT FOR FOOD.

Blockaded Passenger Trains in Russia.

Terrible Sufferings Experienced by Imprisoned Ones.

Fury and Pandemonium Prevailed.

Eighteen Thousand Troops Clearing Lines.

London, January 14.—The Odessa correspondent of the Daily Mail sends a heart rending story of the sufferings of railway passengers snow-bound while on the way to Odessa. The blizzard, he says, raged continuously for more than one hundred hours over the whole of Southern Russia. He describes the gradual arrival of trains at Kadyzyna, with hundreds of passengers from the north, who had been snowed in for five days. "They had been snowed in for five days," he continues, "and were fighting among themselves for the scanty food supplies provided by the railway buffets. Women and children were weeping with hunger, while gangs battled with snow drifts which were 35 feet deep in some places, and that, too, without snow plows, although these would have been useless even if they could have been found."

"Finally some 5000 passengers had assembled at Kadyzyna. A regiment was sent from Kiev southward and 3000 troops went northward from Odessa with shovels. On the third day the relieving parties succeeded in cutting a passage for a couple of trains, which started with 3000 persons, after a mad rush, the weakest going to the wall."

"The trains proceeded for 18 hours and were then stuck again in the snow, unable to go forward or backward. The blizzard continued. Demolitions and pandemonium prevailed, the passengers cursing the railway management, fainting and weeping, the trains were buried and all passed a horrible night. When morning came a peasant volunteered to walk six miles to the nearest station with telegrams beseeching assistance, supplies, firewood and water having been exhausted."

Finally, driven to desperation 60 passengers with Count Kapnist, determined to walk to Odessa. Count Kapnist with 40, reached a point where he was able to secure sledges and all arrived at Odessa though uncertain as to the fate of those they had left behind."

"Meanwhile Gov. Scharafoff had organized train sledges with supplies, which, after Herculean efforts relieved the two trains. It was found that many of the passengers had their arms or legs frozen."

TRAGIC ENDING

To Cock Fight Raid in a Rhode Island Town.

Washington, R. I., January 13.—A raid on a lot of cock-fighters near this village this morning had, what will probably be a tragic ending. Kent county officers made a descent on a West Greenwich road house, one and a half miles south of this village at 3 o'clock this morning and surprised over 100 sports who had just completed arrangements for a cocking match. The first pair of birds had been heeled and were ready for the scales when the officers led by an agent of the anti-cruelty society from Providence, entered the house and announced to those present that they were under arrest. The officers barred exit by the only door, the windows having been nailed down. A rush was made for the windows and many escaped in that way. [The names of 70 men were taken, and most of them permitted to go on condition that they should appear in the district court of East Greenwich tomorrow and settle, and the other 17 taken to the county court house where they were forced to pay \$25 each for their interrupted fun.

Some of the officers who had remained outside of the house during the raid, opened fire on the fleeing sports. One of the latter was shot in the leg, but managed to escape, and Deputy Sheriff Fish was struck on the head with a club. The deputy sheriff and another officer continued the hunt for the men during the forenoon.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phoebe Chertley of Peterson, Ia. "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my household work." It overcomes Constipation, Improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at H. F. S. Gould, drug store.

homes on the New London pike near the scene of the raid and one of the three shot Deputy Sheriff Fish in the abdomen and it is believed this officer cannot recover. He was taken to his home at Washington and later to the Rhode Island hospital, where he now lies in a critical condition. Another officer was at the road house when the shooting was still in progress. The sports arrested at the cock pit are from Narragansett Pier, New York, Providence and the Pawtucket valley villages. The birds to be pitted being from Narragansett Pier and the Pawtucket valley. When the fines and costs are paid, the captured sports will have contributed \$1,500 to the treasuries of the state and the anti-cruelty society.

STORMS COME FROM DEVIL.

Queer Theology of Rev. J. A. Dowle of Zion Paine.

Boston, January 13.—The Rev. John Alexander Dowle, "general overseer" of the Zion City colony that is about to be established a few miles north of Chicago, today began a three days' series of meetings at Odd Fellows' hall.

He said that he constantly received large numbers of requests for prayers from sick people. He asked his congregation to join him in prayer.

He said that he believes storms come from the Devil. Then he took occasion to attack Christian Science. He vigorously attacked the saloon and the tobacco habit.

Announcing the "free will offering" he said he wanted none to contribute unless he could do so quite willingly and that he wanted "none to make a pretense of contributing by putting a cent in the basket."

At the afternoon meeting he assailed the Roman church. Some half dozen people were on hand in the afternoon to receive treatment and were treated.

THE VANDERBILT WEDDING.

Newport, January 13.—With the exception of the decorations at the church and at the house, the preparations for the wedding of Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt to Miss Elsie French, are practically completed. All the guests who arrived in the city today were shown their different residences and a well known actress has arrived with his great force of assistants. The numerous carriages which will convey the one hundred and fifty guests from the church to the house are in the city. In fact, everything is in readiness for the ceremony.

The last of the guests came this morning and afternoon, the principal arrivals being Mr. William K. Vanderbilt, who came on a private Vanderbilt afternoon and Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who arrived by the boat from Wickford tonight. The chief event tonight was the elaborate dinner which was given to a number of prominent guests by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney. Tomorrow at high noon, the wedding will occur, and although it takes place at one of the highest of Episcopal churches in the city, the programme of the ceremony, at the request of Miss French, has been simplified as much as possible. It is expected that Mr. Vanderbilt and his bride will leave on their honeymoon about three o'clock in the afternoon. It is rumored here tonight that they will go no farther than Riverfront, a place six miles up the island, where Mr. Vanderbilt has an extensive country residence.

WILL BREAKING STORY DENIED.

Augusta, January 13.—Statements alleged to have come from Augusta to the effect that an attempt would be made to break the will of the late J. W. Bradbury, the action to be brought by his son, appeared in Sunday's Boston papers. One despatch said that it was understood that one of the contestants, the son of Mr. Bradbury, had engaged Hon. Orville D. Baker of this city and a Boston attorney as counsel. Mr. Baker in an interview with a Journal reporter, Sunday evening, said:

"This is the first knowledge I have of the matter. I have not been consulted concerning the breaking of Mr. Bradbury's will."

LACE MAKERS NOT ABOARD.

Halifax, N. S., January 13.—The steamers Lake Superior and Tunisian arrived today from Liverpool with six hundred and four hundred passengers, chiefly immigrants, respectively. On the Lake Superior were five hundred Jews, bound to Chicago. They were transferred from the Lake Michigan which was forced by heavy weather to return to Queenstown. The Zion lace makers reported to have left England for Halifax on board the Tunisian, en route for Utah, were not on board.

TRIFLING BRITISH LOSS.

London, January 13.—Lord Kitchener reports several skirmishes at different points, with trifling British losses and adds:

"Three agents of the peace committee were taken as prisoners to De Wet's nager near Lindley, January 10. One, who was a British subject, was flogged and then shot. The other two burghers, were flogged by De Wet's orders."

EASTERN TROUBLES EXPENSIVE.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 13.—The Russian minister of finance, M. De Witte has submitted his budget statement for 1901. This shows a surplus in the ordinary estimates of 73,443,450 roubles. He explains that events in the far east have necessitated a heavy expenditure amounting for 1900 to 61,000,000 roubles.

MANY FISHERMEN MISSING.

Yokohama, January 13.—It is officially reported that four hundred fishermen are missing and that they are supposed to have perished in a storm January 10, off the west coast.

NICE OBITUARY.

London, January 13.—Samuel Lewis, the notorious money lender and usurer who has been called the "greatest and meanest of modern Shylocks," is dead.

GEN. GRANT'S MOVEMENTS.

Encountered Philippine South of Bulac Mountain Who Resisted.

Manila, January 13.—General Grant, who is endeavoring to finish the latest insurrection in his district, and who is personally commanding his scouts at the southern end, reported today that he had encountered a number of bands south of Bulac mountain, all of which retired up the hills. He says that a hundred of the enemy who were well entrenched, made considerable resistance, but were ultimately driven from their position.

Four bodies of insurgents were found. The American casualties were a sergeant and one private of troop A, Philippine cavalry, wounded. In the opinion of General Grant his district is now fairly pacified, with the exception of the locality south of Bulac mountain and the province of Pampanga is ready for civil government.

It is expected that Pampanga will be the first province to which provincial government will be applied. Lieut. Col. Frank D. Baldwin of the fourth United States infantry: yesterday destroyed an insurgent arsenal in the Patungan district, seizing a quantity of arms and ammunition, together with a printing press and other material.

DIED IN THE SNOW.

Concord, N. H., January 13.—Joseph Ormebe, 18 years old, lost his way in the woods last night and was frozen to death. His body was found today in a swamp at the west yard, eight miles from here. Yesterday morning, he and a companion, George Roberts, left their home in Penacook for the purpose of hunting rabbits. The lads tramped much through the woods and it became evident to Roberts that his companion was becoming weary. About the middle of the afternoon, Ormebe complained to Roberts of being tired and the latter directed him how to reach home. Ormebe started out and Roberts continued to hunt. Upon his return to Penacook the evening, he was surprised that his companion had not arrived before him. Two searching parties were at once organized and his body was found this forenoon.

MISS TRUEWORTHY LIBERATED.

Boston, January 13.—Myra Truworth, who was arrested here last week at the request of the Maine police, on the charge of having escaped from the trustees of the industrial school of Hallowell, was set free today by the East Boston court on the recommendations of Chief Inspector Watts.

Chief Watts learned that Governor Hill would not issue requisition papers for the return of the girl.

HEARD FOR MILES.

Burlington, Vt., January 13.—Fourteen hundred and fifty pounds of dynamite exploded at Colchester along the line of the Rutland, Canadian railroad, about eight miles from this city, in a storehouse where it was being heated by steam. No one was near the building which was completely demolished and an immense hole blown in the ground. The workmen were all at dinner. The shock was terrific, shattering windows a mile or more away. It was distinctly felt and heard in this city, people rushing out of the houses to see if a boiler nearby had exploded.

STREET DUEL IN KANSAS.

White, Kas. January 13.—A series of riots began in this city at midnight last night and ended this evening at 6 o'clock in a street duel between three colored and three white men. Many shots were exchanged in the crowded streets between Willy Schnell, a Texan negro and Cash Johnson a white trunk maker. Schnell was shot but not fatally injured. The principal negro contestant fled but was captured and saved from the mob by the police. Seventeen arrests were made.

DEATH LIST NOT INCREASED.

Chicago, January 13.—The four persons who were reported missing last night after the panic in Twelfth street, Turner hall, during which five persons were trampled to death, were accounted for today. Though there were more than two score persons badly hurt the list of dead was not increased today and it is thought now that none of the injured will die. In the Jewish quarter it was repeatedly asserted last night and today that the panic was started with malicious intent.

F. P. HIDEOUT DEAD.

Boston, January 13.—Franklin P. Rideout, for many years Boston's assistant city registrar, died today at his home in Neponset at the age of 51 years.

PRESIDENT TAKES A RIDE.

Washington, January 13.—President McKinley was so much improved in health that he was able to go out doors in a carriage for a short time. It is expected that a few more days will see him again able to attend to business as usual.

ROBERT MANTELL ILL.

Toledo, Ohio, January 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Mantell, who have cancelled engagements owing to illness, rest at fairly well today. Mr. Mantell is quite ill, however and confined to his room at St. Charles hotel. Mrs. Mantell is at St. Vincent's hospital and shows more marked signs of improvement.

DEATH OF FRANCIS A. DEWSON.

Newton, Mass., January 13.—Francis A. Dewson, one of the wealthiest and best known residents of Newton, and a prominent figure in Massachusetts business circles, died this morning at his home on Highland avenue, Newtonville.

TO SELECT DEFENDER'S CREW.

Deer Isle, January 13.—Captain Rhodes, who is to command the Herreshoff cup defender, arrived at Deer Isle today to select a crew for the yacht. He was unable to make the trip about the island, however, on account of the storm of blizzard severity which prevailed all day. Captain Rhodes will remain here with pleasure and expects to select his crew early next week.

SEVEN PEOPLE KILLED.

Panic in a Jewish Theatre in Chicago Saturday.

Chicago, January 13.—Seven people were crushed to death, 23 were injured and 8 are missing as a result of a panic which followed a man's cry of "fire" late this afternoon in West 13th street, Turner hall. About 800 people were in the place, gathered to witness the performance of a play entitled "The Greenhorn."

The alarm of fire was false, there having been no blaze at any time. The furnace in the building is somewhat defective and at times allows sparks to pass up through the registers. It was the sight of these sparks rising into the room that frightened the man who raised the cry of fire.

The list of killed: Rebecca Lidalet, Birdie Xidman, George Shaffer, aged 9, Mrs. Annie Saloman, Mrs. Samuel Mendelsohn, Annie Goldberg, aged 7, Regina Millenbach, aged 4.

WOODFORDS.

The annual meeting of the Woodfords Congregational church will be held Monday evening, January 14th, at 7.30 when reports for the year will be submitted and the officers elected for the ensuing year. The dedication of the new chapel of the Woodfords Universalist church is to occur Wednesday, February 6th. The sermon is to be delivered by Rev. Manley B. Townsend of Hurdston Falls and Dixfield, brother of the present pastor, Rev. Harry E. Townsend. Rev. M. B. Townsend was the second pastor of the church, and greatly endeared himself to his parishioners and the community. Other well known pastors of the denomination in Portland and throughout the state are expected in attendance.

The rank staff of Rocky Hill lodge, No. 51, Knights of Pythias, are to confer the rank of page at the district school of instruction to be held Wednesday evening at Pythian hall, Portland.

Mr. Fred A. Pollock, proprietor of the Deering Grocery company, is confined to the house with an attack of the grippe. Mr. W. H. Harmon, the well known hairdresser, is quite ill at his home on Capric street with an attack of acute indigestion.

A few evenings ago there was a lively runaway on Ocean avenue. The occupants of the carriage were two young men. The horse became frightened and started on a wild run. When near Deering street the forward wheels became detached and the carriage was upset. The young man who was driving the horse was hauled over the dasher, while the other occupant was imprisoned under the carriage. The driver as soon as he had regained his footing gave chase to the horse and succeeded in catching him after running about half a mile. The young man who was imprisoned under the wagon, as soon as he found that he had sustained no injuries, sat upright on a cushion, and after philosophically pulling out his pipe proceeded to enjoy a smoke until some passers by stopped and failed to release him from his temporary, although not uncomfortable, imprisonment. The carriage was quite badly damaged and had to be hauled off in a wagon. Neither of the young men were injured.

Mrs. Martha Blake, widow of the late Deacon Charles H. Blake, who is confined to the house with an attack of pneumonia, is reported as some better.

Dr. Lawrence E. Willard of Saco, a former Woodford young man has recently been re-elected as secretary of the York County Medical Society. Dr. Willard is the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Willard, Saunders street, Woodford. The McKinley club was entertained at an afternoon dinner party on Thursday afternoon by Mrs. T. F. Jones, Lincoln street.

AN AGED INDIAN.

Pender, Neb., January 12.—Word was today brought that last Monday Nonie, the last chief of the Omaha Indian tribe, died at the home of his son, on the reservation, at the age of 115 years. He is believed to have been the oldest resident of Nebraska. He had never been ill, at least within the memory of any living relation or acquaintance.

BOERS DRIVEN OFF.

London, January 13.—The war office has received the following despatch from Lord Kitchener:

"Pretoria, Sunday, January 13.—About 1400 Boers crossed the line, attacking both Zuurfontein and Kaalfontein stations but were driven off. They are being pursued by a cavalry brigade."

WIT AND WISDOM.

Family Pride. "H'm! She needn't be so stuck up. Her father is only a dentist."

"I know, but he is said to be very proud of his extraction."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Not His Heart.

"The doctor tells Archie Paer he has the tobacco heart."

"I don't believe it. He never gave anybody a cigar in his life."—Chicago Tribune.

All who desire to avoid imposition and be cured, should insist on having Pond's Extract, put up only in bottles, with landscape trade mark, on surrounding buff wrapper.

CONG. NEVILLE ILL.

Washington, January 13.—Congressman Neville of Nebraska is again in a very critical condition. Today he suffered two hemorrhages, one this morning and another this afternoon, each causing a considerable loss of blood.

AVOID UNKNOWN BRANDS



BORDEN'S EAGLE BRAND CONDENSED MILK

SEND "BABIES" ABOOK FOR Borden's Condensed Milk Co. N.Y.

DALTON & CO.,
53 EXCHANGE ST.,
Real Estate.
Exchanges Made Daily.

FOR SALE—We shall sell during the month of January the following houses, now ready for occupancy, at a great discount rate than have been got throughout the winter without a tenant: Ten room (10) house at 52 Glenwood Ave., every modern convenience, bath, electric lights, fireplace, heat, hardwood floors, set tubs, etc. \$7500; will sell for \$4000. New house, Stevens Plain Ave., near Rockwell St., eight (8) rooms and bath, never occupied, thoroughly plumbed and heated, electric lights, fireplace, cemented cellar, etc. directly on city line. \$2500; will be sold for \$2000 if taken now. House at Concord St., new house, separate entrance, fine investment property. Cost over \$5000; will be sold for \$2500 if taken now. New house at 844 Washington Ave., East Deerfield, 12 minutes from City hall, six (6) large rooms and bath, furnace heat, large piazza, 5000 feet of land, two (2) bath rooms, separate entrances, fine investment property. Cost over \$5000; will be sold for \$2500 if taken now. House at 844 Washington Ave., East Deerfield, 12 minutes from City hall, six (6) large rooms and bath, furnace heat, large piazza, 5000 feet of land, two (2) bath rooms, separate entrances, fine investment property. Cost over \$5000; will be sold for \$2500 if taken now.

Seashore Property.
ALL KINDS.
DALTON & CO.,
53 EXCHANGE ST.

FOR SALE—Houses in Deering for \$1500, \$2400, \$3000, \$3800, \$4000; also houses in Portland for \$2200 to \$5000. Choices building lots at Oakdale, Fessenden Park, Deering Highlands, also choice cottage lots at Oakdale Park (in Cottage) Cape Elizabeth. All kinds of real estate taken in exchange. Easy terms. DALTON & CO., 53 Exchange street.

WANTED—A MALE HELP.

WANTED—A young, active man for a double entry book-keeper. Best of references required. Address BOX 233, Lewiston, Maine.

CUSTOM CUTTERS WANTED—If you want to make your life a success, "Start now." Learn garment cutting at the New York Cutting School, 1135-1137 Broadway, New York, and be ready for spring trade.

WANTED—A capable young married man of good address, having had ten years' experience as bookkeeper and who can furnish excellent reference in Portland, would accept a position where energy, pluck and merit would meet with success. A. O. H. Press Office, 11-12 Box 108, City.

STOCKBRIDGE HALL.

Home School for Young Ladies.
Address STOCKBRIDGE HALL, Yarmouth, Me.
Reference—Rt. Rev. Robert Codman, Jr.

STEPHEN BERRY,
Book, Job and Card Printer
NO. 37 PLUM STREET.

CLUETT
NEPERA WELCHOR
25¢ each 2 for 25¢
CLUETT PEABODY & CO
MAKERS

MAINE PENSION.
Washington, January 12.—The following pension has been granted for Maine: INCREASE.

Emery J. Brown, Limerick, \$13.

FIFTY NATIVES DROWNED.

Marseilles, Jan. 13.—Mail advices from Antananarivo, Madagascar, dated December 10, report the drowning of fifty natives from the capsizing of a barge.

TO LET.

Forty words inserted under this head one week for 50 cents, cash in advance.

ROOMS—Two fine and large, all new furnishings, will be let with or without board at the Barton, which has all modern improvements and is positively first class in every respect, reasonable. 91 DANFORTH ST., corner HIGH.

TO LET—Large house of 12 rooms, in good neighborhood, in Western part of city, new steam heat just put in; suitable for private residence or boarding house; rent low to good party. W. P. CARR, Room 4, Oxford Building.

FOR RENT—The office lately occupied by Thomas L. Tisdell, Esq., at No. 48 Exchange street, will alter and improve same to suit tenant. For further information apply to FREDERICK S. VAILL, Real Estate, First National Bank Building.

TO LET—Upper flat, 11 Marion street, 6 rooms; lower rent, 20 Clark, 5 rooms; lower rent, 60 Anderson, 5 rooms; lower rent, 17 Sumner, 5 rooms; upper rent, 30 Dow, 5 rooms. Apply to WILLIAM H. WILLARD, 184 Middle St.

TO LET—Parties desiring pleasant home-like rooms for the winter would do well to call on MRS. CHAPLIN, 118 Winter street. Telephone in house.

We have in our brick building, 105 Middle street, one well-lighted room containing 3500 feet.

It is on the first floor and will be rented with power and heat if desired.

It is very conveniently situated for manufacturing purposes, and the insurance rate is only 1.57 per cent.

We also have a well-lighted store, which we can rent at a very reasonable price.

SOUTHWORTH BROS.,
105 Middle Street.

TO LET—Two rents in rear 15 Mechanic St., 5 rooms each, \$9.50 room rent 32 Merrill St. Rent at 6 Madison St. A. MORROW, 9-1 SKY, 23 Hampshire street.

Houses Everywhere

ALL PRICES.

DALTON & CO.,
53 EXCHANGE ST.

TO LET—A nicely furnished room, large and comfortable, electric lights, bath and telephone; reasonable to right party; meals optional. 775 CONGRESS ST.

TO LET—Pleasant and convenient rent, 7 rooms and bath, steam heat, 120 Commercial street. Apply to C. B. DOWEN, 170 Commercial street.

TO LET—Tenement of 8 rooms and bath, all in perfect order, sunny exposure and large yard, cemented cellar, Lancaster street, corner of Winslow. Apply to J. J. WILLIAMS, 11-12 Box 108, City.

TO LET—One 5 room tenement and one 3 room tenement corner Greenleaf and Everett streets. Apply to M. W. KENT, 53 Exchange street.

MONEY WANTED

Good Mortgages.

DALTON & CO.,
53 EXCHANGE ST.

TO LET AT KNIGHTVILLE—Two good corner Church street and Cottage road. This house has recently been repaired in the most thorough manner and is now ready for occupancy. A new fence all about the house and everything put in "apple pie" order. The most desirable tenements to be found in the city. The rent only \$10 and \$11 per month. Apply to G. E. BLISH, Druggist, Knightville.

TO LET—Furnished room with excellent table board; sunny front room; hot water heat, bath, gas, near corner Park and Congress streets. No. 5 CONGRESS PARK. Apply to J. J. WILLIAMS, 11-12 Box 108, City.

TO LET—A first class upper rent of eight rooms and bath, with hot water boiler and modern conveniences, large yard and sun all day, at 103 Cumberland St. Apply to TRUE BROS., 294 Fore St.

OFFICE OR FACTORY BUILDING—The first floor of the building occupied by the American Express Company on Plum street is offered for rent. Apply to E. A. NOYES, Portland Savings Bank.

WANTED.

WANTED—You to buy E. T. Burnham's jelly, corn, beef, wine and iron and our standard goods that are a success in Maine. All orders promptly sent, when sent to E. T. BURNHAM, 401 Cumberland street, Portland, or E. T. BURNHAM, 11-12 Box 108, City.

WANTED—One or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with board, for man and wife, near electric in Deering district. Address stating location and terms C. W. B., P. O. Box 108, City.

ROOMS WANTED—2 connecting unfurnished rooms. Supplied with hot and cold water heat and light. Located in ward 5 or 6. Not on Congress St. Address M. R., P. O. Box 176.

WANTED—All sufferers from Asthma to send address to Box 562, Portland, Me. Enclose ten cents and will send you a bottle of the medicine to try. No need to suffer longer.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We wish to inform all employers that we are prepared to furnish our own set of workmen in the Mercantile, Industrial or Scientific branches. Quick service, positively no delay in position, requirements and salary paid, to EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 11-12 Box 108, City.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A gray portmanteau marked with L silver B. Return to 114 PARK ST. RT. and get reward.

LOST—Thursday afternoon in Woolworth's store a pocket book containing money and valuable papers. Please return to 35 St. John street and receive reward.

FOUND—Picked up adrift outside of Half Way Rock, a fishing dory in good condition, painted brown. Owner can be satisfied by proving property and paying charges. GEO. B. JOHNSON, Bailey's Island.

WANTED—Situations. A young lady would like a position as

THE PRESS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TODAY.

Frank M. Low & Co.
O. E. Ewell.
J. E. Libby Co.
Legislative Notices—
Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.
Schlotterbeck & Foss Co.
Boering Steam Laundry.
Standard Clothing Co.
Goss H. Griffin.
A. M. Wentworth.
P. O. Bailey Carriage Co.
Frank F. Tibbets & Co.
Elmes Bros. Co.

FINANCIAL.

New Wants, For Sale, To Let, Lost, Found and similar advertisements will be found on Page 8 under appropriate heads.

YOUNG MAN IF YOU WANT a position advertise in the business man's paper, the DAILY PRESS,—and get best results. 25 cents a week for 40 words.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

Has been used over Fifty Years by millions of mothers for their children while Teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays Pain, cures Wind Colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. For sale by Druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, 25 cts a bottle.

CASTORIA

Bears the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

In use for more than thirty years, and

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

Bears the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

In use for more than thirty years, and

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

CASTORIA

Bears the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.

In use for more than thirty years, and

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

Saturday afternoon the steamer Dominion of the Dominion line sailed from this port for Liverpool. She had 15 saloon, seven intermediate and 31 steering passengers besides a full cargo.

The fourth annual Oakdale neighborhood party will occur at Liverton Monday evening, January 21st. Tickets on sale at Bang's store.

The annual meeting for election of officers of the D. A. R., for the ensuing year will be held Monday, January 14, 1901, at the Falmouth parlors at 8 o'clock. Thursday evening the teams of J. E. Good & Co. and Cook, Everett & Pennell will play at Pine's alleys for the championship in the drug trade.

Night Signal Officer Newcomb of the police station served his usual weekly clam chowder at the station Saturday evening. In addition to the class of night officers those who partook of the feast were Alderman Johnson and Recorder Whelden.

The regular meeting of the Portland, Me., Past Chancellors' association will be held Monday evening, January 14th, at eight o'clock, at K. of P. hall. Routine business will be in order.

The Portland Wheel club gave its customary Saturday night dinner last night at their club rooms on Congress street. These affairs are very popular.

Saturday night the rumshops about Gorham's Corner were in full blast again, but were keeping an eye open for the liquor sheriffs all the time. This part of the city was very lively and there were several exciting rows during the evening.

Hadattah lodge, No. 117, I. O. O. F., will work the initiatory Monday evening.

Una Encampment, No. 4, I. O. O. F., will work the golden rule degree Thursday evening.

The Ladies' Aid society, Church of the Messiah, will meet Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Staples, 99 Congress street.

PERSONALS.

Mr. H. N. Pinkham of this city attended the annual meeting of the New England Fire Insurance Exchange held at Boston on Saturday.

Henry J. Conley, Esq., has returned, home after an absence of ten days in Boston.

Mr. Maurice Pillsbury of Fryeburg, was in the city Saturday in conference with C. H. Dalton, proprietor of Cliff cottage and has been retained as steward for Cliff Cottage for the coming season. Mr. Pillsbury comes with eight years' experience in New York hotels.

Rev. Edwin P. Wilson of this city, has been called to Watertown, Mass., to conduct the funeral services of Mr. Abner C. Stockin, a former parishioner. Mr. Stockin was well known in Maine, being a native of this state and a graduate of Bowdoin college. For several years he taught academics in Maine. For 35 years he was the representative of the Harper Bros., in Boston, but of late years he has been connected with Houghton, Mifflin & Co.

First Lieutenant Emery of the U. S. revenue cutter Woodbury, was taken to his home Saturday in a carriage, suffering from a severe attack of the grip. One of the other officers of the Woodbury is in the hospital with the same trouble.

Modern methods and modern improvements are appreciated these days in sleighs as well as other things. Double sleighs hung on trawlers runners, pasting smoothly over pitch holes, turns with ease anywhere being on springs, with Pullman cushions, high spring back, deep, warm upholstered sides, make sleigh riding a comfort and pleasure heretofore unknown. All these things can be found in the production of F. O. Bailey Carriage Co. They also offer a line of cheap sleighs, many designed by them and built to their order which are superior to the ordinary, at very low prices; \$25 to \$40 buys a good sleigh, strong, handsome and comfortable. See their repository opposite Post office before purchasing.

MR. GILBERT REPLIES

To McKen's Answer to His Recent Letter.

Reiterates All the Charges He Has Made

And Suggests That He Has Plenty of Proof.

A Matter Which Call For Thorough Investigation.

Mr. Z. A. Gilbert writes the following letter in reply to Secretary B. Walker McKen's answer to his recent letter in the Maine Farmer:

To the Editor of the Press:

A copy of the Daily PRESS of January 10 has been handed to me containing what Secretary McKen has to say in regard to an article of mine in the Maine Farmer of this week calling the attention of the Board of Agriculture to the necessity that it look more carefully after its business obligations. The importance of this matter in its relations to the work which the Board is commissioned and in its connection with the agriculture of the state is such that I ask for space in your columns to reply to some of Mr. McKen's statements.

That a goodly measure of the money appropriated expressly for institute work has been unlawfully and improperly expended no candid man can deny. Indeed, Secretary McKen himself admits this in his reply, and excuses it by saying that "it went into the equipment of the office, or along some other line that was a direct help, etc. Just what propriety there is in using money appropriated expressly in aid of farmers' institutes so remote from the purposes expressed in the law, he does not attempt to show.

Secretary McKen says that my statements in regard to the use of money for singers "is misleading." They are "misleading" to the extent that I did not give all the money expended in this manner. The items I gave were taken from his report of expenditures made to the legislature two years ago, and if incorrect as far as they go he is responsible.

In regard to Mr. Gowell's services at the State and N. K. fairs, my point is not that he received too much or too little. Mr. Gowell was acting as expert judge in the awarding of prizes offered by the societies on the performance of the fairs. He made up his reports and signed them as judge and copies were handed to me for publication in the Maine Farmer, where they are now to be found. There can be no more reason why money appropriated for farm institutes should have been paid to Mr. Gowell for that service than there was why he should have been paid, as the same record shows "expenses in attendance on meeting for organization of dairymen's association" at Wintthrop, where the attendance was entirely voluntary, and certainly no more reason for using institute money for that service than there would have been in paying the other expert stock judges at those fairs from the same funds. Mr. McKen claims it is all right for the reason he was paid only "actual expenses."

In regard to my reference to money paid Mr. Moody for attendance on farmers' national congress, Mr. McKen confirms what I stated and excuses it by claiming "it was less than half his expenses." In this connection I would say that the legislature has several times refused to appropriate money to pay expenses of representatives to the national farmers' congress, and never yet has receded from that position. The board, however, does not hesitate to slap the legislature in the face, and do indirectly what the legislature has repeatedly directly refused, and Secretary McKen endorsed it.

In regard to my statement that bills had been charged up to the state that never had been incurred, Mr. McKen knows the proof is in my possession, so he admits it, and like a whipped boy says he will not do it again.

Mr. McKen truly says that the money of the Pomological Society (\$1000), is now paid directly to the treasurer of the society; but he fails to say that the way this came about was that after their experience with him the officers of the Pomological Society went to the state officials with a statement of how they had fared at his hands, and requested that the warrant for the money due be drawn in favor of the treasurer of the society, and it has since been so done. Mr. McKen admits the money was held for a time, but does not attempt to give a reason for so doing. He does not say what are the facts in the case, that the money (\$1000), was all paid him at one time, early in May; that he paroled out two payments on it, amounting to \$500. In the early part of the summer; that in June he put off the pressing request of the society's treasurer with the pretense that "he would get the balance through the council at its next session;" then later his excuse that "a storm prevented his reaching Augusta;" then for a time that "it was overlooked," and finally that he was forced to pay the last in September on the eve of the whole matter being made public.

In the matter of the non-payment of dairy premiums, Mr. McKen denies all knowledge that there is anything of the kind. How is it that he can draw the money from the state for their payment

and then so soon after lose all knowledge of them? I have before me at this writing, letters from several of the dairymen, exhibitors at the Portland exhibition held in December, 1898, under date of April, 1899, as responsible men as we have in the state, stating they had not received the premiums awarded them at Portland.

These things are not "mistakes" on the part of the secretary of the board. At least the "mistakes" do not appear till after the money has been drawn from the state.

I could go on with much more of this showing, cases of it being reported to me by the three members of the board themselves, but I do not ask the space only to reply to Mr. McKen's shallow defence in which my name is used.

Z. A. Gilbert.

HARBOR NEWS.

Interesting Notes Gathered Along the Water Front.

Two ocean liners arrived yesterday, the Buenos Ayres of the Allan line with six cattlemen as passengers, and the Lady Armstrong of the Hamburg-American line. They brought no cargoes, and the latter came via New York.

The Turret Bell was another arrival with 3333 tons of coal from Sydney, C. B.

The Bay State came in about 9.30 a. m.

The tugs of the dredging companies were kept busy towing the scows to the emptying grounds, which they had been unable to do for the past few days because of rough seas.

The cutter Woodbury sailed about 8.15 a. m., on her usual cruise.

The Horatio Hall which got in Saturday afternoon transferred cargo, reloaded and steamed away in good time yesterday morning.

The Turret Chief called together with the fleet which were in for harbor. The four-masted schooner Maud Palmer has been chartered to load about 3000 tons of coal at Baltimore for Halifax at \$1.40 per ton. Several steamers have also been engaged to transport coal from Chesapeake bay ports to Halifax.

Capt. Wm. H. Kregar of the schooner Sarah C. Ropes has been appointed commander of the schooner Nathaniel T. Palmer, recently purchased by J. S. Winslow & Co.

Samuel Cobb, one of the engineers on the steamer Penobscot of the Boston line, has retired to accept a position in New York.

OBITUARY.

CAPT. GEORGE C. HUDSON.

Capt. George C. Hudson died in Fall River, Mass., on the 4th of January, after an illness of four days of pneumonia.

Capt. Hudson was a veteran of the Civil war, having served three years in the 3d Maine volunteers. He enlisted as a sergeant, but rose by promotion for gallantry in action to the rank of captain. At the close of the war he returned to his home in Bath, Me., and several years later went to Fall River.

Capt. Hudson was personally very popular and stood high in the estimation of his associates and comrades of Post 46. He leaves a widow and two daughters, one of whom, Mrs. Carns, resides in Slaterville, N. Y., and the other is a teacher in the public schools in Fall River. His wife was Miss Estelle Boyden of Perry, Maine.

THE OPEN CONGRESS.

The next session of the open congress will be held in the vestry of the Church of Messiah next Friday evening, January 18th at 7.30 o'clock. The question to be discussed is: Resolved, That the decline in church attendance, membership and influence is due to extravagance and other remediable causes.

The question was not stated in full when given out by the pastor, Mr. Atwood, yesterday morning.

CUTTING THE PRICE OF GOOD SHOES.

The clearance sale of Center & McBowell's has demonstrated that the public is always ready to buy shoes if the prices are made especially attractive. The sale will be continued through this week and the firm has added a large number of fine shoes to the bargains already offered.

WILL GIVE LIEUT. LANG A BANQUET.

On January 31st the National Guard officers of Portland and vicinity are to give a complimentary banquet to Lieut. Frank Lang, 9th Infantry, U. S. A. Lieut. Lang is rapidly recovering from the wounds he received in China.

UGLY STORIES ABOUT RUSSIE'S CREW.

Paris, January 12.—Ugly stories are leaking out concerning the behavior of part of the crew of the steamer Russie, wrecked off Faraman, Monday, whose crew and passengers, numbering 102 persons, were rescued by boats from the shore yesterday.

The Matin publishes an interview with a passenger who said the conduct of some of the sailors was beneath contempt.

The first mate had to enforce obedience at the muzzle of a revolver and was obliged to pass the nights with a loaded revolver in his hand.

KRUGER IS BETTER.

The Hague, January 12.—Doctors Vinckhuysen and Coert say Mr. Kruger is completely restored to health. Divine service tomorrow, will, however, be held at his hotel as he does not wish to go out in the cold weather.

Catarrh

Is a constitutional disease. It originates in a scrofulous condition of the blood and depends on that condition.

It often causes headache and dizziness, impairs the taste, smell and hearing, affects the vocal organs and disturbs the stomach.

It is always radically and permanently cured by the blood-purifying, alterative and tonic action of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

This great medicine has wrought the most wonderful cures of all diseases depending on scrofula or the scrofulous habit.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic.



OUR THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL RED FIGURE SALE

Remnants & Odd Lots,

JANUARY 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

This Annual Event is too widely advertised, to need more than an announcement. Our Red Figure Sale is like a fire alarm bell. Crowds gather at once.

The specialties for each day will be announced in the daily papers.

Our usual low prices will prevail.

BARGAINS FOR TUESDAY.

Hosiery, Underwear, Corsets, Skirts, Outings, Cottons, Prints, Gingham.

BARGAINS FOR WEDNESDAY.

Colored Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, High Grade Wash Fabrics, Laces, White Goods, Ribbons.

BARGAINS FOR THURSDAY.

Black Goods, Silks, Linens, Muslin Underwear.

BARGAINS FOR FRIDAY.

Men's Furnishings, Ladies' Gloves, Dress Linings, Buttons, Toilet Goods.

Sale commences Tuesday, Jan. 15th. Store open at 8 o'clock. Sale at 9 o'clock.

Eastman Bros. & Bancroft.



SLEIGHS. SLEIGHS. SLEIGHS.

The product of our own factory, our New York factory, Western factories. Modern improvements not found in other makes of Sleighs. Examine before buying. Prices \$25.00 to \$350.00. Also Pungs, Runners, &c., at greatly reduced prices, Lot Second Hand Sleighs cheap.

F. O. BAILEY CARRIAGE CO.,

Opposite Post Office.

IF YOUR BOY

is 4, 5 or 6 years old, let us clothe him in a new style Suit—neat and handsome—priced now at \$1.95 and \$2.95—the identical Suits that were \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50 before the fire next door. They are absolutely perfect. We are obliged to cut prices to close out the stock this month : : : : :

Standard Clothing Co.

New Store, 544 Congress Street.

W. C. WARE,

Manager.

A Straight Tip For a Good Grip, Handy For Any Trip.



Hand Bags, Valises, Suit Cases.

Coe, THE HATTER, 197 Middle St.

GEO. A. COFFIN, Mgr.

DYE HOUSE TALKS NO. 15.

Seems to me Mary, that this mattress is getting pretty flat and hard.
"Well, we've slept on it ten years or more."
"That so? How time does fly!"
"I heard yesterday that they steam, renovate and make over hair mattresses down to FOSTER'S DYE HOUSE."
"Then telephone down and have them send for this one. They will do it well if they do it at all."

ENGAGEMENT AND WEDDING RINGS

\$25 to \$500

Diamonds and all other precious stones.

We have a thousand to show you. We can make you any kind of a Ring in our Factory, at short notice.

McKENNEY

The Jeweler,

Monument Square.

STAMP

Collectors' Albums and Catalogues For 1901.

LORING, SHORT & HARMON.

NMOD UPSIDE

For 3 weeks past we have been more or less upside down. It's hard to keep cleared up and brushed up during the holidays and stock taking.

Both are finished, normal conditions now prevail.

We are ready with cold weather goods.

Hot Water Bottles, Lung Protectors, Cough Syrup, Throat Tablets, Atomizers and Chapped Hand Creams.

HAY'S PHARMACY, Middle St.